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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM - ACGR

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (2015)

1.	Report is Filed for the Year2015	
2.	Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Char	ter <u>JOLLIBEE FOODS CORPORATION</u>
3.	10/F Jollibee Plaza 10 F. Ortigas Jr. Avenue, Ortig Address of Principal Office	gas Center, Pasig City 1605 Postal Code
4.	SEC Identification Number <u>77487</u> 5.	(SEC Use Only
		Industry Classification Code
6.	BIR Tax Identification Number <u>000-388-771</u>	
7.	+ 63 2 634 1111 Issuer's Telephone number, including area code	
8.	N/A Former name or former address, if changed from	last report

A. BOARD MATTERS

1) Board of Directors

Number of Directors per Articles of Incorporation	9
Actual number of Directors for the year	9

(a) Composition of the Board

Complete the table with information on the Board of Directors:

Director's Name	Type (Executive (ED), Non- Execution (NED) or Independent Director (ID)	If nominee, identify the principal	Nominator in the last election (if ID, state the relationship with the nominator)	Date first elected	Date last elected (if ID state the number of years served as ID)	Elected when (Annual/ Special Meeting)	No. of years served as director
Tony Tan Caktiong	ED	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	1978	2015	06/26/2015	37
Ernesto Tanmantiong	ED	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	1987	2015	06/26/2015	28
William Tan Untiong	ED	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	1993	2015	06/26/2015	22
Joseph Tanbuntiong	ED	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	2013	2015	06/26/2015	2
Antonio Chua Poe Eng	NED	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	1978	2015	06/26/2015	37
Ang Cho Sit	NED	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	1978	2015	06/26/2015	37
Ret. Chief Justice Artemio V. Panganiban	NED	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	June 2012	2015	06/26/2015	3
Monico V. Jacob	ID ¹	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	2001	2015 (3)	06/26/2015	14
Cezar P. Consing	ID	JFC	Submitted to the Nomination Committee by shareholders	June 2010	2015 (3)	06/26/2015	5

Per Rule 38(7) of the Amended Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code, issuers of registered securities and public companies are required to have at least two (2) independent directors or at least twenty percent (20%) of its board size, whichever is lesser.

¹ Per SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9 series of 2011, effective January 2, 2012, all previous terms served by existing independent directors shall not be included in the application of the term limits subject of the circular.

(b) Provide a brief summary of the corporate governance policy that the board of directors has adopted. Please emphasize the policy/ies relative to the treatment of all shareholders, respect for the rights of minority shareholders and of other stakeholders, disclosure duties, and board responsibilities.

The Board of Directors, Management and employees of Jollibee Foods Corporation commit themselves to the principles and best practices as contained in its Amended Manual on Corporate Governance and further acknowledge that the same may guide the attainment of the Company's values, mission and vision.

The Board of Directors, officers, employees and stockholders of the Company believe that corporate governance is a necessary component of sound strategic business management and will undertake every effort necessary to create awareness within the organization as soon as possible. (Source: Article 1, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

The Company has adapted implementing policies of the Manual on Corporate Governance. These policies have been approved by the Board of Directors and cover, among others, (i) membership of the Company's directors in other corporate boards, (ii) standard of conduct of the Board and Senior Management and Conflict of Interest policy: (iii) selection process for directors and senior management: (iv) major capital expenditures; (v) principles in developing remuneration policies, (vi) risk management, (vii) financial management policies and procedures, (viii) shareholder grievance procedure and (ix) an evaluation system for determining and measuring compliance with the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance.

On July 24, 2014, the Company filed its Amended Manual on Corporate Governance in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9, series of 2014.

(c) How often does the Board review and approve the vision and mission?

The Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves the Company's vision and mission as necessary. It is the vision of the Company to become one of the three largest and most profitable restaurant companies in the world 2020.

(d) Directorship in Other Companies

Directorship in the Company's Group²

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non- Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman
Tony Tan	Fresh N' Famous Foods, Inc.	Chairman, Executive
Caktiong	Mang Inasal Phils., Inc.	Chairman, Executive
	Coffeetap Corporation ³	Chairman, Executive
	BK Titans, Inc.	Executive
	PFN Holdings, Corp.	Executive
	Perf Restaurants, Inc.	Executive
	Perf Trinoma, Inc.	Executive
	Perf MOA Pasay, Inc.	Executive
	RRB Holdings, Inc.	Chairman, Executive
	Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc.	Chairman, Executive
	Honeybee Foods Corp.	Executive
	Red Ribbon Bakeshop Inc. (USA)	Executive
	Chowking Food Corporation (USA)	Director
	Chanceux, Inc.	Executive
	Jollibee Worldwide Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Belmont Enterprises Ventures Ltd.	Executive
	Jollibee International (BVI) Ltd.	Executive
	WJ Investments Limited	Executive
	JSF Investments Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Golden Cup Pte. Ltd.	Executive

² The Group is composed of the parent, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the company. Note: Companies owning shares in the parent corporation is <u>not</u> included in the list. ³ Pending dissolution.

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non- Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman
	Golden Plate Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Golden Beeworks Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	SF Vung Tau Joint Stock Company	Executive
	Blue Sky Holdings Ltd.	Executive
	Southsea Binaries Limited	Executive
	Happy Bee Foods Processing Pte. Ltd. Jollibee (China) Food & Beverage Management	Executive Executive
	Co. Ltd.	
	Guangxi San Pin Wang Food & Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Beijing New Hongzhuangyuan Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Hangzhou Yonghe Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Hangzhou Yongtong Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Tianjin Yong He King Food & Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Beijing Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Shenzhen Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Wuhan Yonghe King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Happy Bee Foods Processing (Anhui) Co. Ltd.	Executive
	12 Sabu (Shanghai) Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.	Director
	Yong He Holdings Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Centenary Ventures Limited	Executive
	Shanghai Belmont Enterprises Management & Adviser Co. Ltd. 4	Executive
	Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc.	Executive
	Mary's Foods Corporation	Executive
William Tan	Fresh N' Famous Foods, Inc.	Executive
Untiong	Mang Inasal Phils., Inc.	Executive
	Coffeetap Corporation ⁵ BK Titans, Inc.	Executive
	RRB Holdings, Inc.	Executive Executive
	Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc.	Executive
	Honeybee Foods Corp.	Executive
	Grandworth Resources Corporation	Executive
	Zenith Foods Corp.	Executive
	Red Ribbon Bakeshop Inc. (USA)	Executive
	Chowking Food Corporation (USA)	Director
	Chanceux, Inc.	Executive
	JC Properties & Ventures Corporation	Executive
	Zenith Foods Corporation	Executive
	Adgraphix, Inc.	Executive
	Belmont Enterprises Ventures Ltd.	Executive
	Golden Plate Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Jollibee (China) Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Hangzhou Yonghe Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Tianjin Yong He King Food & Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Beijing Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Shenzhen Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Wuhan Yonghe King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd. Yong He Holdings Co. Ltd.	Executive Executive
	Centenary Ventures Limited	Executive
	WJ Investments Limited	Director
	Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc.	Executive
Ernesto	Fresh N' Famous Foods, Inc.	Executive
Tanmantiong	Mang Inasal Phils., Inc.	Executive
	BK Titans, Inc.	Executive
	PFN Holdings, Corp.	Executive
	Perf Restaurants, Inc.	Executive
	Perf Trinoma, Inc.	Executive

Pending deregistration as of February 2015.
 Pending dissolution.

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non- Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman
	Perf MOA Pasay, Inc.	Executive
	Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc.	Executive
	RRB Holdings, Inc.	Executive
	Honeybee Foods Corp.	Executive
	Red Ribbon Bakeshop Inc. (USA)	Executive
	Chowking Food Corporation (USA)	Executive
	Honeystar Holding Corporation	Executive
	Chanceux, Inc.	Executive
	Adgraphix, Inc.	Executive
	Grandworth Resources Corp.	Executive
	Jollibee Worldwide Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Belmont Enterprises Ventures Ltd.	Executive
	JSF Investments Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Jollibee International (BVI) Ltd.	Executive
	Jollibee Hong Kong Ltd.	Executive
	Hanover Holdings Ltd.	Executive
	P.T. Jollibee Indonesia	Executive
	Jollibee Vietnam Co. Ltd.	Executive
	P.T. Chowking Indonesia	Executive
	Golden Cup Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Golden Plate Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Golden Beeworks Pte. Ltd.	Executive
	Happy Bee Foods Processing Pte. Ltd.6	Executive
	Jollibee (China) Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Hangzhou Yonghe Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Tianjin Yong He King Food & Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Beijing Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Wuhan Yonghe King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Yong He Holdings Co. Ltd.	Executive
	Centenary Ventures Limited	Executive
	Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc.	Member
	Mary's Foods Corporation	Executive
Joseph	Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc.	Executive
Tanbuntiong	RRB Holdings, Inc.	Executive
	Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc.	Member
Ang Cho Sit	Grandworth Resources Corp.	Executive
	Freemont Foods Corp.	Executive

Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015.

(ii) Directorship in Other Listed Companies

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the Company's Board of Directors who are also directors of publicly listed companies outside its group:

Director's Name	Name of Listed Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non- Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
Tony Tan	First Gen Corporation	Independent Director
Caktiong	DoubleDragon Properties Corp.	Executive Director
	Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company	Non-Executive Director
William Tan Untiong	DoubleDragon Properties Corp.	Executive Director
Joseph Tanbuntiong	DoubleDragon Properties Corp.	Non-Executive Director

 $^{\rm 6}$ Formerly Jollibee Foods Processing Pte. Ltd, change in name effective October 1, 2014.

Director's Name	Name of Listed Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non- Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
Monico V. Jacob	2 Go Group, Inc. (formerly Aboitiz Transport Systems, Inc.)	Independent Director
	Asian Terminals, Inc.	Director
	Century Properties Group, Inc.	Independent Director
	Phoenix Petroleum Philippines, Inc.	Independent Director
	STI Education Systems Holdings, Inc.	Director
Cezar P.	Bank of the Philippine Islands	Director
Consing	National Reinsurance Corp. of the Philippines (PhilNare)	Director
Ret. Chief	MERALCO	Independent Director
Justice Artemio	Petron Corporation	Independent Director
V. Panganiban	Bank of the Philippine Islands	Independent Director
	First Philippine Holdings Corp.	Independent Director
	Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company	Independent Director
	Metro Pacific Investment Corp.	Independent Director
	Robinsons Land Corp.	Independent Director
	GMA Network, Inc.	Independent Director
	GMA Holdings, Inc.	Independent Director
	Asian Terminals, Inc.	Independent Director

Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015.

(iii) Relationship with the Company and its Group

Provide details, as and if applicable, of any relation among the members of the Board of Directors, which links them to significant shareholders in the company and/or in its group:

Director's Name	Name of the Significant Shareholder	Description of the relationship
		-
Tony Tan Caktiong	Hyper Dynamic Corporation	Chairman, President
William Tan Untiong	Hyper Dynamic Corporation	Director
Ernesto Tanmantiong	Hyper Dynamic Corporation	Director
Antonio Chua Poe Eng	Hyper Dynamic Corporation	Director
Ang Cho Sit	Hyper Dynamic Corporation	Director
Tony Tan Caktiong	Honeysea Corporation	Chairman, President
Ernesto Tanmantiong	Honeysea Corporation	Director
William Tan Untiong	Honeysea Corporation	Director
Ernesto Tanmantiong	Winall Holding Corporation	Chairman, President
Antonio Chua Poe Eng	Honeyworth Corporation	Chairman, President
William Tan Untiong	Honeyworth Corporation	Director
Ernesto Tanmantiong	Kingsworth Corporation	Chairman, President
William Tan Untiong	Kingsworth Corporation	Director
Tony Tan Caktiong	Centregold Corporation	Director
Ernesto Tanmantiong	Centregold Corporation	Director
William Tan Untiong	Centregold Corporation	Chairman, President
Ang Cho Sit	Venice Corporation	Chairman, President
Ang Cho Sit	A-Star Holding Corporation	Director
Ang Cho Sit	Longshore Corporation	Director

Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015.

(iv) Has the Company set a limit on the number of board seats in other companies (publicly listed, ordinary and companies with secondary license) that an individual director or CEO may hold simultaneously? In particular, is the limit of five board seats in other publicly listed companies imposed and observed? If yes, briefly describe other guidelines:

The Company has not set a limit on the number of board seats in other companies. However, it is noteworthy that included among the guidelines used by the Nomination Committee in determining the fitness of any nominee for directorships in the Board is the number of directorships/active memberships and officerships in other corporations or organizations. (Source: Article 4.B.2.c. Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

Furthermore, the Board may consider the adoption of guidelines on the number of directorships that its members can hold in stock and non-stock corporations. The optimum number shall be related to the capacity of a director to perform his duties diligently in general.

	Guidelines	Maximum Number of Directorship in other Companies
Executive Director	The Chief Executive Officer and other	
Non-Executive Director	executive directors shall submit themselves to a low indicative limit on	
CEO	membership in other corporate Boards. The same low limit shall apply to independent, non-executive directors who serve as full-time executives in other corporations. In any case, the capacity of directors to serve with diligence shall not be compromised. (Source: Article 4.B.2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)	

(c) Shareholding in the Company

Complete the following table on the members of the Company's Board of Directors who directly and indirectly own shares in the company:

		Number of	% of
Name of Director	Number of Direct shares	Indirect shares/Through (name of record owner)	Capital Stock
Tony Tan Caktiong	8,254,565	740,000 (through Deutsche Regis Partners, Inc.)	0.84%
Ernesto Tanmantiong	4,743,951	457,019 (through Deutsche Regis Partners, Inc.)	0.49%
William Tan Untiong	7,013,388	279,667 (through Deutsche Regis Partners, Inc.)	0.68%
Joseph Tanbuntiong	57,630	n/a	0.01%
Ang Cho Sit	11	n/a	0.00%
Antonio Chua Poe Eng	1 38,857,446 ⁷	926,147 (through Honeyworth Corporation)	3.73%
Ret C.J. Artemio V. Panganiban	1	11,000	0.00%
Monico V. Jacob	100	n/a	0.00%
Cezar P. Consing	1	n/a	0.00%

Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015.

2) Chairman and CEO

(a)	Do different persons	assume the	role of	Chairm	nan o	f the	Board	d of	Directo	rs ar	nd Cl	EO? If r	no,
	describe the checks independent views.	and balance	es laid	down	to en	sure	that	the	Board	gets	the	benefit	of

Yes	х	No	

Identify the Chairman and CEO:

Chairman of the Board	Tony Tan Caktiong
CEO/President	Ernesto Tanmantiong

⁷ Through Honeyworth Corporation as disclosed in Antonio Chua Poe Eng's SEC Form 23-B.

(b) Roles, Accountabilities and Deliverables of the Chairman and CEO.

	Chairman	Chief Executive Officer
Role	* Preside over all meetings of the stockholders and the Board of Directors. (Source: Section 2, Article V, By-Laws)	* General charge, supervision and control of business affairs of the Company, subject to the control of the Board of Directors.
	* Ensure that the meetings of the Board are held in accordance with the Company's by-laws.	* May appoint and discharge all agents and employees <u>of the Company</u> .
Accountabilities	*Coordinate with the Corporate Secretary in the preparation of the agenda of Board meetings, taking into consideration the suggestions of	* See to it that all resolutions of the Board of Directors are duly carried out.
	other directors, Management and officers; and *Maintain qualitative and timely lines	* Vote and represent shares of stocks owned or held by the Company in another corporation, firm or entity.
	of communication and information between the Board and Management. (Source: Article 4.A.2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)	* Execute on behalf of the Corporation all contracts, agreements and other instruments affecting the interests of the Company, except as otherwise directed by the Board of Directors.
		* Perform such other functions as may be incidental to his office and shall preside in all meetings of the stockholders and Board of Directors in the absence of the Chairman of the Board upon his delegation.
		* Assign the exercise or performance of any of the powers, duties and functions to any other officer(s), subject to his control and supervision.
		(Sources: Section 3, Article V, By-Laws and Article 4.A.3, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)
Deliverables		

3) Explain how the board of directors plans for the succession of the CEO/Managing Director/President and the top key management positions?

The Nomination Committee, with the support of the Human Resources Division, is developing and formalizing a process for screening nominees for appointment to senior management positions within the Company. In particular, key talents participate in an Executive Development Program as part of the plan for the succession of top key management positions.

The Compensation Committee shall ensure that a working Succession Planning system is in place (Source: Compensation Committee Charter)

To ensure a high standard of best practice for the Company, its stockholders and other stakeholders, the Board, whether acting as a body or through its designated or authorized working committee or department, should conduct itself with honesty and integrity in the performance of, among others, its duty to appoint competent, professional, honest and highly-motivated management officers and adopt an effective succession planning program for Management. (Source: Article 4.C.2.b, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

4) Other Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors

Does the company have a policy of ensuring diversity of experience and background of directors in the board?

Yes. The Nomination Committee of the Board of Directors shall be responsible for evaluating the qualifications of all persons nominated to the Board. The Nomination Committee has promulgated guidelines for the conduct of nominations to the Board of Directors. (Source: Section 9(a), Article IV, By-Laws)

Included in the guidelines used by the Nomination Committee in the determination of the fitness of any nominee for directorships in the Board is the nature of the business of the corporations which a nominee is a director. (Source: Article 4.B.2.a, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).

Does it ensure that at least one non-executive director has an experience in the sector or industry the company belongs to? Please explain.

Among the qualifications of a director is sufficient experience in managing the business. (Source: Article 4.B.1.b, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors:

	Formation	Non Francisco	Indonesia dest Disect
Role	An Executive Director is a director who is also the head of a department or unit of the Company or performs any work related to its operation. (Source: Article 2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance). Each director is expected to provide inputs and suggestions to all issues raised for the consideration of the Board of Directors. Executive directors' inputs are expected to be based on his/her knowledge of the day-to-day business of the Company.	Non-Executive A Non-Executive Director is a director who is not the head of a department or unit of the Company nor performs any work related to its operation. (Source: Article 2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance). Each director is expected to provide inputs and suggestions to all issues raised for the consideration of the Board of Directors.	Independent Director An Independent Director is a person who, apart from his fees and shareholdings, is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with his exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a director. (Source: Article 2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance). An independent director shall endeavor to always attend Board meetings, provided, however, that their absence shall not affect the quorum requirement. The Board may, to promote transparency, require the presence of at least one (1) independent director. (Source: Article 4.F., Amended Manual on Corporate Governance). Each director is expected to provide inputs and suggestions to all issues raised for the consideration of the Board of Directors. Independent directors are expected to give input based on their extensive experience

	Executive	Non-Executive	Independent Director
			and to provide suggestions and solutions based on best practices.
Accountabilities	Accountability of all directors is in accordance with the Corporation Code, including but not limited to Articles 31 (Liability of directors, trustees or officers) and 32 (Dealings of directors, trustees or officers with the corporation).	Accountability of all directors is in accordance with the Corporation Code, including but not limited to Articles 31 (Liability of directors, trustees or officers) and 32 (Dealings of directors, trustees or officers with the corporation).	Accountability of all directors is in accordance with the Corporation Code, including but not limited to Articles 31 (Liability of directors, trustees or officers) and 32 (Dealings of directors, trustees or officers with the corporation). An independent director shall hold no interest or relationship with the Company that may hinder his independence from the Company or management or that may interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director (Source: Section 1, Article IV, By-Laws)
Deliverables	Each director is expected to provide inputs and suggestions to all issues raised for the consideration of the Board of Directors. Executive directors' inputs are expected to be based on his/her knowledge of the day-to-day business of the Company.	Each director is expected to provide inputs and suggestions to all issues raised for the consideration of the Board of Directors.	Each director is expected to provide inputs and suggestions to all issues raised for the consideration of the Board of Directors. Independent directors are expected to give input based on their extensive experience and to provide suggestions and solutions based on best practices. An independent director shall submit to the Corporate Secretary a letter of confirmation stating that he holds no interests affiliated with the Company, management or controlling stockholder at the time of his election or appointment and/or re-election as director. (Source: Section 1, Article IV, By-Laws)

Provide the company's definition of "independence" and describe the company's compliance to the definition.

An independent director shall hold no interests or relationships with the Company that may hinder his independence from the Company or management or that may interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director.

An independent director shall submit to the Corporate Secretary a letter of confirmation stating that he holds no interests affiliated with the Company, management or controlling stockholder at the time of his election or re-appointment and/or re-election as director. (Source: Section 1, Article IV, By-Laws)

An independent director is a person who, apart from his fees and shareholdings, is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with his exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a director. (Source: Article 2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).

The Company complies with the requirements of law and regulations on the qualifications of independent directors, including limits on shareholdings and term, and the submission of Certifications of Independent Directors. (Source: 2015 Definitive Information Statement)

Does the company have a term limit of five consecutive years for independent directors? If after two years, the company wishes to bring back an independent director who had served for five years, does it limit the term for no more than four additional years? Please explain.

The Company complies with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9 (s. 2011).

SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9 (s. 2011) provides that an independent director can serve for five (5) consecutive years, provided that service for a period for at least six (6) months shall be equivalent to one (1) year, regardless of the manner by which the position was relinquished or terminated. After completion of the five-year period, an independent director shall be ineligible for election as such for two (2) years. After serving as independent director for ten (10) years, he or she shall be perpetually barred from being elected as such in the Company. This shall be applicable to all independent directors elected as of June 2012. (Source: 2015 Definitive Information Statement)

- 5) Changes in the Board of Directors (Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors)
 - (a) Resignation/Death/Removal

Indicate any changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that happened during the period:

There were no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors for the year 2015.

(b) Selection/Appointment, Re-election, Disqualification, Removal, Reinstatement and Suspension

Describe the procedures for the selection/appointment, re-election, disqualification, removal, reinstatement and suspension of the members of the Board of Directors. Provide details of the processes adopted (including the frequency of election) and the criteria employed in each procedure:

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
	number of candidates. The persons receiving the first nine (9) highest number of votes shall be the directors. (As amended on June 27, 2008).	
	In the event of a failure of election for independent directors, the Chairman of the Meeting shall call a separate election during the same meeting to fill up the vacancy. (As amended on June 24, 2005)	
	(Source: Section 13, Article III, By- Laws)	
b. Re-appointment		
(i) Executive Directors (ii) Non-Executive Directors (iii) Independent Directors	The same process applies to re-ap	pointment/re-election of directors.
c. Permanent Disqualification		
(i) Executive Directors (ii) Non-Executive Directors (iii) Independent Directors	The Nomination Committee determines the qualification (or disqualification) of a nominee.	Grounds for Permanent Disqualification: 1. Any person convicted by final judgment or order by a
	(Source: Section 12, Article III, By- Laws)	judgment or order by a competent judicial or administrative body of any crime that (a) involves the purchase or sale of securities, as defined in the Securities Regulation Code; (b) arises out of the person's conduct as an underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal, distributor, mutual fund dealer, futures commission merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; or (c) arises out of his fiduciary relationship with a bank, quasi-bank, trust company, investment house or as an affiliated person or any of them;
		2. Any person who, by reason of misconduct, after hearing, is permanently enjoined by a final judgment or order of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") or any court or administrative body or competent jurisdiction from: (a) acting as an underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal, distributor, mutual fund dealer, futures commission merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; (b) acting as director or officer of a bank, quasi-bank, trust company, investment house or investment company; (c) engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in any of the capacities mentioned in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) above, or willfully violating the laws that govern securities and banking activities; The disqualification shall also apply if such person is currently the subject of an order of the Commission or any court or administrative body denying, revoking or suspending any registration, license or permit issued to him under the

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
		Regulation Code or any other law administered by the Commission or the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas ("BSP") or any rule or regulation issued by the Commission or the BSP, or has otherwise been restrained to engage in any activity involving securities and banking; or such person is currently the subject of an effective order of a self-regulatory organization suspending or expelling him from membership, participation or association with a member or participant of the organization;
		3. Any person convicted by final judgment or order by a court or competent administrative body of an offense involving moral turpitude, fraud, embezzlement, theft, estafa, counterfeiting, misappropriation, forgery, bribery, false affirmation, perjury or other fraudulent act or transgressions;
		Any person finally found by the Commission or a court or other administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully aided, abetted, counseled, induced or procured the violation of any provision of the Securities Regulation Code, the Corporation Code, or any other law administered by the Commission or BSP, or any rule, regulation or order of the Commission or the BSP;
		Any person earlier elected as independent director who becomes an officer, employee or consultant of the Company;
		Any person judicially declared as insolvent;
		7. Any person found guilty by final judgment or order of a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct similar to any of the acts, violations or misconduct in paragraphs (1) to (5) above;
		8. Conviction by final judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code, committed within five (5) years prior to the date of his election or appointment. (As amended on May 11, 2010)
		(Sources: Article 4.B.4, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance; Section 2, Article IV, By-Laws)
d. Temporary Disqualification		
(i) Executive Directors (ii) Non-Executive Directors (iii) Independent Directors	The Nomination Committee determines the qualification (or disqualification) of a nominee. (Source: Section 12, Article III, By-Laws)	For purposes of Article IV, Section 2(v), no person shall qualify or be eligible for nomination or election to the Board of Directors if he is engaged in any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation, or a nominee

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
		of such person. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to be so engaged:
		(1) If he is an officer, manager or controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 10% or more of any outstanding class of shares of, any corporation (other than one in which the Corporation owns at least thirty percent (30%) of the capital stock) engaged in a business which the Board by a majority vote, determines to be competitive, antagonistic, and/or in clear conflict of interest to that of the Corporation; or
		(2) If he is an officer, manager or controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 10% or more of any outstanding class of shares of any other corporation or entity engaged in any line of business of the Corporation when in the judgment of the Board by a majority vote the laws against combinations in restraint of trade shall be violated by such person's membership in the Board of Directors; or
		(3) If the Board, in the exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee or agent of, or otherwise represents, any person set forth in (1) or (2) above.
		In determining whether or not a person is controlling person, beneficial owner, or the nominee of another, the Board may take into account such factors as business and family relationships.
		(Source: Section 2, Article IV, By-Laws)
		The Nomination Committee may also place an existing director under temporary disqualification based on the following:
		Refusal to fully comply with the disclosure requirements of the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. This disqualification shall be in effect as long as his refusal persists;
		Absence or non-participation without justifiable reason/s for more than fifty percent (50%) of all meetings, both regular and special, of the Board of directors during his incumbency, or any twelve (12) month period during said incumbency, unless the absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident. This disqualification applies for purposes of the succeeding election;
		Dismissal/ termination from directorship in another listed corporation for cause. This disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself of

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
		any involvement in the alleged irregularity; 4. If the beneficial equity ownership of an independent director in the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates exceeds 2% of its subscribed capital stock, provided that this disqualification shall be lifted if the limit is later on complied with; 5. Being under preventive suspension by the Company with respect to Executive Directors; 6. If any of the judgments or orders cited in the grounds for permanent disqualification has not yet become final. A temporarily disqualified director shall, within sixty (60) business days from such disqualification, take the appropriate action to remedy or correct the disqualification. If he fails or refuses to do so for unjustified reasons, the disqualification shall be permanent. (Source: Article 4.B.4, Amended Manual of Corporate Governance).
e. Removal	<u> </u>	I
(i) Executive Directors (ii) Non-Executive Directors (iii) Independent Directors	The process complies with Section 28 of the Corporation Code. To strictly observe and implement the provisions of this Manual, the following penalties shall be imposed, after notice and hearing, on the Company's directors, officers and staff in case of violation of any of the provisions of this Manual: In case of first violation, the subject person shall be reprimanded. Suspension from office shall be imposed in case of second violation. The duration of the suspension shall depend on the gravity of the violation. For the third violation, the maximum penalty of removal from office shall be imposed. The commission of a third violation of this Manual by any member of the Board of Directors of the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates shall be sufficient cause for removal from directorship. The Compliance Officer shall be responsible for determining violation/s through notice and hearing and shall recommend to the Chairman of the Board the imposable penalty for such violation, for further review and approval of the Board. (Source: Article 12, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).	The criteria complies with Section 28 of the Corporation Code.

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
f. Re-instatement		
(i) Executive Directors (ii) Non-Executive Directors (iii) Independent Directors	Reinstatement complies with the procedural requirements of the Corporation Code for election of directors.	The criteria for reinstatement comply with the Corporation Code, the Company's By-laws and Manual on Corporate Governance, as amended.
g. Suspension		
(i) Executive Directors (ii) Non-Executive Directors (iii) Independent Directors	To strictly observe and implement the provisions of this Manual, the following penalties shall be imposed, after notice and hearing, on the Company's directors, officers and staff in case of violation of any of the provisions of this Manual:	
	In case of first violation, the subject person shall be reprimanded.	
	Suspension from office shall be imposed in case of second violation. The duration of the suspension shall depend on the gravity of the violation.	
	For the third violation, the maximum penalty of removal from office shall be imposed.	
	The commission of a third violation of this Manual by any member of the Board of Directors of the Company or its subsidiaries and affiliates shall be sufficient cause for removal from directorship.	
	The Compliance Officer shall be responsible for determining violation/s through notice and hearing and shall recommend to the Chairman of the Board the imposable penalty for such violation, for further review and approval of the Board.	
	(Source: Article 12, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).	

6) Orientation and Education Program

(a) Disclose details of the company's orientation program for new directors, if any.

In compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 20, series of 2013, as amended by SEC Memorandum Circular No. 2, series of 2015, all key officers and directors of the Company shall attend a minimum of four (4) hours of corporate governance training every year conducted by training providers that are duly accredited by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

A director shall, before assuming as such, be required to attend a seminar on corporate governance which shall be conducted by a duly-recognized private or government institute. (Source: Article 11, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

(b) State any in-house training and external courses attended by Directors and Senior Management⁸ for the past three (3) years:

For the past three (3) years, directors and senior management of the Company attended the following Seminar on Corporate Governance:

Date	Name of Training Institution
February 4, 2014	The Institute of Corporate Directors
March 7, 2014	Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management (ROAM), Inc.
August 12, 2014	SGV & Co.
November 12, 2014	
December 16, 2014	Philippine Securities Consultancy Corporation

Members of the senior management of the Company include its corporate officers, its Compliance Officer and Internal Auditor.

(c) Continuing education programs for directors: programs and seminars and roundtables attended during the year.

For the current year 2015, the Company's directors attended/will be attending the following seminars on Corporate Governance:

Name of Director	Date of Training	Program	Name of Training Institution
Ret. C.J. Artemio V. Panganiban	February 18, 2015	Orientation Course for Corporate Governance	The Institute of Corporate Directors
Monico V. Jacob	March 2015		Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management (ROAM), Inc.
Tony Tan Caktiong	To be conducted on S	September 7, 2015 by Th	e Institute of Corporate
Ernesto Tanmantiong	Directors	•	•
William Tan Untiong			
Joseph Tanbuntiong			
Ang Cho Sit			
Antonio Chua Poe Eng			
Cezar P. Consing			

Pursuant to an August 3, 2015 letter issued by the Corporate Governance and Finance Department of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the Commission en banc granted the request of Mr. Washington SyCip to be exempted from attending th corporate governance training for 2015. Mr. SyCip is the Company's Independent Adviser.

B. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS

 Discuss briefly the company's policies on the following business conduct or ethics directors, senior management and employees:

Business Conduct & Ethics	Directors	Senior Management	Employees
(a) Conflict of Interest	For purposes of Article IV, Section 2(v), no person shall qualify or be eligible for nomination or election to the Board of Directors if he is engaged in any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Corporation, or a nominee of such person. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, a person shall be deemed to be so	The Company has internal policies on conflict of interest which applies to senior management.	The Company has internal policies on conflict of interest which applies to all employees.

⁸ Senior Management refers to the CEO and other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company.

Business Conduct & Ethics	Directors	Senior Management	Employees
	engaged: (1) If he is an officer, manager or controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 10% or more of any		
	outstanding class of shares of, any corporation (other than one in which the Corporation owns at least thirty percent (30%) of the capital stock) engaged in a		
	business which the Board by a majority vote, determines to be competitive, antagonistic, and/or in clear conflict of interest to that of the Corporation; or		
	(2) If he is an officer, manager or controlling person of, or the owner (either of record or beneficially) of 10% or more of any outstanding class of shares of any other		
	corporation or entity engaged in any line of business of the Corporation when in the judgment of the Board by a majority vote the laws against combinations in		
	restraint of trade shall be violated by such person's membership in the Board of Directors; or (3) If the Board, in the		
	exercise of its judgment in good faith, determines by a majority vote that he is the nominee or agent of, or otherwise represents, any person set forth in (1) or (2) above.		
	In determining whether or not a person is controlling person, beneficial owner, or the nominee of another, the Board may take into account such factors as business and family relationships.		
	(Source: Section 2, Article IV, By-Laws		
	Conflict of interest is part of the qualifications that is considered by the Nomination Committee to determine the Final List of Candidates. (Source: Article 4.B.2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)		

Business Conduct & Ethics	Directors	Senior Management	Employees
(b) Conduct of Business and Fair Dealings		policies on the conduct of Directors, senior managemen	
(c) Receipt of gifts from third parties	The Company has internal policies on receipt of gifts from third parties.		
(d) Compliance with Laws & Regulations	Directors are expected to strictly comply with laws and regulations. In addition, conviction for certain offenses is a ground for permanent disqualification of directors. (Source: Section 2, Article IV, By-Laws) To ensure a high standard of best practice for the Company, its stockholders and other stakeholders, the Board, whether acting as a body or through its designated or authorized working committee or department, should conduct itself with honesty and integrity in the performance of its duty to ensure the Company's faithful compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and best business practices. (Source: Article 4.C.2.e, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).	The Company has internal policies that provide for penalties for non-compliance with laws and regulations committed by employees, including senior management. To ensure a high standard of best practice for the Company, its stockholders and other stakeholders, the Board, whether acting as a body or through its designated or authorized working committee or department, should conduct itself with honesty and integrity in the performance of its duty to ensure the Company's faithful compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and best business practices. (Source: Article 4.C.2.e, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).	The Company has internal policies that provide for penalties for non-compliance with laws and regulations committed by employees. To ensure a high standard of best practice for the Company, its stockholders and other stakeholders, the Board, whether acting as a body or through its designated or authorized working committee or department, should conduct itself with honesty and integrity in the performance of its duty to ensure the Company's faithful compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and best business practices. (Source: Article 4.C.2.e, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).
(e) Respect for Trade Secrets/ Use of Non- public information	Directors are required to maintain all information acquired in the course of directorship strictly confidential.	Employees, including senior management, are required to maintain all information acquired in the course of employment strictly confidential. Appropriate penalties are provided for violation of this undertaking in the Company's Code of Discipline.	Employees, including senior management, are required to maintain all information acquired in the course of employment strictly confidential. Appropriate penalties are provided for violation of this undertaking in the Company's Code of Discipline.
(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and Information	The Company's Code of Business Ethics and Code of Discipline provide for penalties for misappropriation of company funds, assets and information.		
(g) Employment & Labor Laws & Policies	The Company's Code of Discipline requires compliance with labor laws, rules and regulations. Appropriate penalties are imposed for violations. In addition to statutorily required benefits, employees are provided with healthcare benefits. The Company requires its employees to undergo internal training and encourages external training as and when related to an employee's functions. Employees are provided with all benefits required under the law.		
(h) Disciplinary action	The Company follows a Code of Discipline which provides for the process, policies and sanctions for disciplinary actions, following labor laws and regulations.		
(i) Whistle Blower	The Company has instituted an Ethics Committee which is responsible for, among others, investigating alleged violations and proposing corrective actions. The Company has also appointed an officer to handle reports for alleged violations of the Code of Business Ethics.		

Business Conduct & Ethics	Directors	Senior Management	Employees
	The Company endeavours to maintain the highest standards of business ethics, as well as full compliance with all relevant laws, rules and regulations. As such, it ensures that a system is in place which will enable all stakeholders to submit reports, complaints or any other information regarding any fraudulent, illicit or unethical activity in an anonymous and confidential manner, without fear of reprisal.		
(i) Conflict Resolution	Any conflicts are resolved through discussion.		
	The Company encourages employees to resort to internal discussions to resolve conflict.		
	To ensure a high standard of best practice for the Company, its stockholders and other stakeholders, the Board, whether acting as a body or through its designated or authorized working committee or department, should conduct itself with honesty and integrity in the performance of its duty to establish an alternative dispute resolution system in the Company that can amicably settle conflicts or differences between the Company and its stockholders, and the Company and third parties, including regulatory authorities.		
	(Source: Article 4.C.2.I, Amen	nded Manual on Corporate Gove	ernance).

2) Has the code of ethics or conduct been disseminated to all directors, senior management and employees?

Yes, the Company's Code of Business Ethics and Code of Discipline have been disseminated to all directors, senior management and employees.

3) Discuss how the company implements and monitors compliance with the code of ethics or conduct.

All levels in the Company are responsible for administering the Code of Business Ethics, including investigating alleged violations and determining corrective actions. The Company has an Ethics Committee which is responsible for maintaining and updating the Code of Business Ethics, with inputs from concerned units.

Among the internal control responsibilities of the Board is to ensure that the Company shall have in place an independent internal audit function and mechanism to monitor the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's governance, operations and information systems. (Source: Article 4.E.4, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).

4) Related Party Transactions

(a) Policies and Procedures

Describe the company's policies and procedures for the review, approval or ratification, monitoring and recording of related party transactions between and among the company and its parent, joint ventures, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates, substantial stockholders, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents and of interlocking director relationships of members of the Board.

Related Party Transactions	Policies and Procedures
(1) Parent Company (2) Joint Ventures (3) Subsidiaries (4) Entities Under Common Control (5) Substantial Stockholders (6) Officers including spouse/children/siblings/parents (7) Directors including spouse/children/siblings/parents (8) Interlocking director relationship of Board of Directors	To ensure a high standard of best practice for the Company, its stockholders and other stakeholders, the Board, whether acting as a body or through its designated or authorized working committee or department, should conduct itself with honesty and integrity in the performance of its duty to formulate and implement policies and procedures that would ensure the integrity and transparency of related-party transactions between and among the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates, stockholders, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and parents, and of interlocking director relationships by members of the Board. (Source: Article 4.C.2.k, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance) The Board of Directors (or the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors, as applicable) shall approve major transactions entered into by the Company. (Source: 2012 List of Resolutions Approved by the Board of Directors.)

Related Party Transactions	Policies and Procedures
	Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by, or under common control with the Parent Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related entities of the Parent Company. Individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Parent Company that give them significant influence over the enterprise; key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Parent Company, and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related entities.
	In the normal course of business, the Parent Company engages in transactions with its subsidiaries and other related parties.
	The Parent Company sells and purchases food items, processed inventories, packaging and other store supplies toffrom related parties, at normal market prices. Purchased items temporarily stored at the Company are charged for logistics and warehousing/storage costs. In addition, the Company receives management fees for services rendered under an existing Management Services Agreement and service fees for various services rendered by the Company's personnel.
	Pass-on charges pertain to advances made by a related party for another. These include payments for various expenditures incurred.
	The Company receives from and provides to related parties, interest-bearing cash advances for working capital requirements and operations.
	Transactions with related parties are made at normal market prices. The Company did not make any provision for impairment losses on receivables from related parties. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by evaluating the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

(b) Conflict of Interest

(i) Directors/Officers and 5% or more Shareholders

Identify any actual or probable conflict of interest to which directors/officers/5% or more shareholders may be involved.

Some of the Company's directors own franchises or have minority interests in companies which own and operate franchised stores of the Company. All such franchises are subject to contracts which have been entered into in an arms-length basis and on terms similar to those granted to other franchisees.

(ii) Mechanism

Describe the mechanism laid down to detect, determine and resolve any possible conflict of interest between the company and/or its group and their directors, officers and significant shareholders.

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	Directors/Officers/Significant Shareholders
Company	The Company's independent directors execute certifications confirming that they have all the qualifications and do not possess any disqualifications under the Manual on Corporate Governance.
	Additionally, the implementing policies of the Manual on Corporate Governance (as approved by the Board of Directors) provide for the standard of conduct of the Board and Senior Management, as well as policies on Conflict of Interest.
	The Company encourages internal discussions to address or resolve existing or potential conflict of interest.
Group	The Company encourages internal discussions to address or resolve existing or potential conflict of interest.

- 5) Family, Commercial and Contractual Relations
 - (a) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a family, on more, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant (5% or more), to the extent that they are known to the company:

Names of Related		Brief Description of the
Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Relationship
Tony Tan Caktiong (Director, Chairman of the Board),	<u>Family</u>	Brothers
Ernesto Tanmantiong (Director, President, CEO),		
William Tan Untiong (Director, Corporate Secretary, Vice-President for Corporate Real Estate),		
Joseph Tanbuntiong (Director, Treasurer)		
Ang Cho Sit (Director)	<u>Family</u>	Brother-in-law of Tony Tan Caktiong
Susana K. Tanmantiong (Head of Corporate Purchasing)	<u>Family</u>	Wife of Ernesto Tanmantiong
Antonio Chua Poe Eng (Director)	<u>Family</u>	Brother-in-law of Tony Tan Caktiong, Ernesto Tanmantiong, William Tan Untiong <u>and Joseph</u> Tanbuntiong.

(b) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more) and the company:

There are no commercial, contractual or business relationship between the Company and holders of significant equity.

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Brief Description
N/A	N/A	N/A

(c) Indicate any shareholder agreements that may impact on the control, ownership and strategic direction of the company:

There are no shareholder agreements that may impact on the control, ownership and strategic direction of the Company.

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	% of Capital Stock affected (Parties)	Brief Description of the Transaction
N/A	N/A	N/A

6) Alternative Dispute Resolution

Describe the alternative dispute resolution system adopted by the company for the last three (3) years in amicably settling conflicts or differences between the corporation and its stockholders, and the corporation and third parties, including regulatory authorities.

⁹Family relationship up the fourth civil degree either by consanguinity or affinity.

	Alternative Dispute Resolution System
Corporation & Stockholders	Disputes are resolved in accordance with law and regulations.
Corporation & Third Parties	Contracts between the Company and third parties provide for modes of dispute resolution.
Corporation & Regulatory Authorities	The Company liaises directly with regulatory authority to resolve disputes.

C. BOARD MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE

1) Are Board of Directors' meetings scheduled before or at the beginning of the year?

Board meetings are scheduled before the beginning of the year.

2) Attendance of Directors

The attendance of Directors for the calendar year 2015 shall be updated in January 2016.

For the period January to August 2015, the Company held seven (7) board meetings with the following attendance rating: Mr. Tan Caktiong 86%, Mr. Tanmantiong 100%, Mr. Tan Untiong 71%, Mr. Tanbuntiong 100%, Mr. Ang Cho Sit 86%, Mr. Antonio Chua Poe Eng 57%, Ret. C.J. Artemio V. Panganiban 100%, Mr. Jacob 86% and Mr. Consing 86%.

The table below refers to the attendance of directors for the calendar year 2014.

Board	Name	Date of Election	No. of Meetings Held During the Year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Chairman	Tony Tan Caktiong	06/27/2014	6	6	100%
CEO/ President	Ernesto Tanmantiong	06/27/2014	6	6	100%
Corporate Secretary	William Tan Untiong	06/27/2014	6	5	83%
Treasurer	Joseph Tanbuntiong	06/27/2014	6	6	100%
Director	Ang Cho Sit	06/27/2014	6	4	67%
Director	Antonio Chua Poe Eng	06/27/2014	6	6	100%
Director	Ret. CJ Artemio V. Panganiban	06/27/2014	6	6	100%
Independent Director	Monico V. Jacob	06/27/2014	6	4	67%
Independent Director	Cezar P. Consing	06/27/2014	6	5	83%

^{*} Per Advisement Letter submitted to SEC dated January 5, 2015.

3) Do non-executive directors have a separate meeting during the year without the presence of any executive? If yes, how many times?

NO.

4) Is the minimum quorum requirement for Board decisions set at two-thirds of board members? Please explain.

A quorum at any meeting of the directors shall consist of a majority of the entire membership of the Board. A majority of such quorum shall decide any question that may come before the meeting. In the absence of a quorum, a majority of the directors present may adjourn any meeting from time to time until a quorum be had. (Source: Section 6, Article IV, By-Laws) This is consistent with Section 25 of the Corporation Code which provides that the quorum requirement shall be a majority of the board of directors, unless a greater requirement is provided by the articles of incorporation or by-laws.

5) Access to Information

(a) How many days in advance are board papers¹⁰ for board of directors meetings provided to the board?

Pursuant to the provisions of its By-Laws, notice of either regular or special meetings of the Board of Directors are given at least five (5) days before the day of the meeting.

(Source: Section 5, Article IV, By-Laws) The Company issues its notice to meetings of the Board of Directors to comply with this period.

(b) Do board members have independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary?

Yes. Board members shall be given independent access to Management and Corporate Secretary, as necessary. The members of the Board shall also have access to independent professional advice at the Company's expense. (Source: Article 5, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).

(c) State the policy of the role of the company secretary. Does such role include assisting the Chairman in preparing the board agenda, facilitating training of directors, keeping directors updated regarding any relevant statutory and regulatory changes, etc?

The Corporate Secretary is an officer of the company and is expected to be loyal to the mission, vision and specific business objectives of the Company.

The Corporate Secretary shall be a Filipino citizen and a resident of the Philippines.

The Board of Directors may elect an Assistant Corporate Secretary who may act in behalf of the Corporate Secretary in the latter's absence.

The Corporate Secretary and/or the Assistant Corporate Secretary shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

- Be responsible for the safekeeping and preservation of the integrity of the minutes of meetings of the Board and its committees, as well as other official records of the Company;
- 2. Be loyal to the mission, vision and objectives of the Company;
- Work fairly and objectively with the Board, Management, stockholders and other stakeholders;
- 4. Have appropriate administrative and interpersonal skills;
- 5. If he is not at the same time the Company's legal counsel, be aware of the laws, rules and regulations in the performance of his duties and responsibilities;
- 6. Have a working knowledge of the Company's operations;
- 7. Inform the members of the Board, in accordance with the by-laws, of the agenda of the meetings and ensure that the members of the Board have before them accurate information that will enable them to arrive at intelligent decisions on matters that require their approval;
- 8. Attend all board meetings, except when justifiable causes, such as illness, death in the immediate family and serious accidents prevent him from doing so;
- Ensure that all Board procedures, rules and regulations are strictly followed by the Board members; and

¹⁰ Board papers consist of complete and adequate information about the matters to be taken in the board meeting. Information includes the background or explanation on matters brought before the Board, disclosures, budgets, forecasts and internal financial documents.

10. If he is also the Compliance Officer, perform all the duties and responsibilities of said officer as provided for in this Manual.

To monitor the director's compliance with the attendance requirements in Board meetings, the Company, through the Corporate Secretary, shall submit to the Commission on or before January 30 of each year a sworn certification about the directors' record of attendance in Board meetings in the previous calendar year. (Source: Article 4.H, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

For the Board attendance for 2014, the Company submitted an Advisement Letter to the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 5, 2015.

The Company shall submit its Board attendance for 2015 in January 2016.

(d) Is the company secretary trained in legal, accountancy or company secretarial practices? Please explain should the answer be in the negative.

No. The Corporate Secretary finished civil engineering course for his formal education. His years as corporate secretary of the Company has given him the expertise in addressing the needs and concerns of the Company in the quick service restaurant industry.

<u>Furthermore</u>, he has been and is consistently and continuously attending seminars to further his knowledge and skills in his role as the Company's corporate secretary.

Below is a table of the seminars the Corporate Secretary has attended:

DATE	SEMINAR TITLE	ORGANIZER	
August 12, 2014	Corporate Governance	SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co.	
September 19-24,	Fundamentals of Fastfood Design and	Specialized Arts Center of the	
2011	Applications Seminar	Philippines	
December 13, 2011	Maximize Your Performance While	Master del Pe	
	Balancing Your life		
December 12, 2011	8 Types of Leaders Every Leader	r Master del Pe	
	Should Know		
January 17, 2011	Family Governance Planning	HSBC Family Office Services	
	Workshop	Limited	
March 12, 2009	Blue Ocean Strategy Seminar	Blue Ocean Strategy Concept	
September 13, 1996	Spirit of Enterprise	The Farrell Company	
August 8, 1995	Six Thinking Hats	Franklin Covey Organization	
		Services	
1995 (no exact date)	The Effective Negotiating Course	Karrass Europe Limited	

The Corporate Secretary is assisted by an Assistant Corporate Secretary who is a lawyer and is the Vice President and Head of the Company's Corporate Legal Division.

(e) Committee Procedures

Yes

Others (specify)

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Disclose whether there is a procedure that Directors can avail of to enable them to get information necessary to be able to prepare in advance for the meetings of different committees:

No

Committee	Details of the procedures
Executive	Request is sent through the Company's Legal Division.
Audit	Request is sent through the Company's Corporate Audit Division.
Nomination	Request is sent through the Company's Corporate Human Resources Division.
Remuneration	Request is sent through the Company's Corporate Human Resources Division.

In addition, the members of the Board shall be given independent access to Management and Corporate Secretary, as necessary. The members of the Board shall also have access to independent professional advice at the Company's expense. (Source: Article 5, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

6) External Advice

Indicate whether or not a procedure exists whereby directors can receive external advice and, if so, provide details:

There is no formal procedure yet but the members of the Board shall also have access to independent professional advice at the Company's expense. (Source: Article 5, Manual on Corporate Governance)

7) Change/s in existing policies

Indicate, if applicable, any change/s introduced by the Board of Directors (during its most recent term) on existing policies that may have an effect on the business of the company and the reason/s for the change:

There were no changes introduced by the Board of Directors on existing policies that may have an effect on the business of the Company.

D. REMUNERATION MATTERS

1) Remuneration Process

Disclose the process used for determining the remuneration of the CEO and the four (4) most highly compensated management officers:

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors sets the parameters and process for remuneration of the CEO and senior management. The process is implemented by the Corporate Human Resources Division.

The Compensation Committee reviews matters regarding compensation of the Company's executives and Board of Directors and make recommendations for approval of the Board. It shall also prepare annual committee report and review disclosures on board and executive management compensation as may be required by law and regulators. (Source: Section A, Compensation Committee Charter)

Process	CEO	Top 4 Highest Paid Management Officer
(1) Fixed remuneration	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.
(2) Variable remuneration	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.
(3) Per diem allowance	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.
(4) Bonus	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.
(5) Stock Options and other financial instruments	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.	The Company benchmarks vis-à-vis the market and also uses performance reviews.
(6) Others (specify)		

2) Remuneration Policy and Structure for Executive and Non-Executive Directors

Disclose the company's policy on remuneration and the structure of its compensation package. Explain how the compensation of Executive and Non-Executive Directors is calculated.

	Remuneration Policy	Structure of Compensation Packages	How Compensation is Calculated
Executive Directors	Directors receive honorarium for each board meeting. In addition, the Company observes a salary administration policy, performance bonus guidelines, and the guidelines in the Stock Option Plan.	The Company provides for fixed monthly compensation, semi-annual performance bonus and stock options.	Compensation is calculated based on company and individual performance. The Company also benchmarks vis-à-vis market practice.
Non-Executive Directors	Directors receive honorarium for each board meeting. The Company observes performance bonus guidelines.	Directors receive honorarium for each board meeting. Non-executive directors also receive annual performance bonus.	Compensation is based on company performance. The Company also benchmarks vis-à-vis market practice.

Do stockholders have the opportunity to approve the decision on total remuneration (fees, allowances, benefits-in-kind and other emoluments) of board of directors? Provide details for the last three (3) years.

One of the functions of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors is to establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing a policy on, among others, the remuneration packages of corporate directors. (See Article 4.G.2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance) Compensation of non-executive members of the Board is determined and reviewed by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. (Source: Section D.1. Compensation Committee Charter)

3) Aggregate Remuneration

Below is a summary compensation table of the Chief Executive Officer and the four (4) most highly compensated officers of the Company for 2013, 2014 and an estimate for 2015:

Name and Position	Year	Salary (PhP)	Bonus (PhP)	Total (PhP)
Tony Tan Caktiong Chairman				
Ernesto Tanmantiong President and Chief Executive Officer	2013	56,093,060.00	36,002,400.00	92,095,460.00
Joseph Tanbuntiong Treasurer	2014	61,005,769.00	51,901,175.00	112,906,944.00
Ysmael V. Baysa Chief Financial Officer	*2015	65,886,230.00	57,091,293.00	122,977,523.00
Jose Ma. A. Minana, Jr. Group President				
All other officers and directors as a group unnamed	2013	232,507,848.00	106,803,077.00	339,310,925.00
	2014	239,601,829.00	131,910,177.00	371,512,006.00
* Fotimoto	*2015	265,703,362.00	156,499,280.00	422,202,642.00

* Estimate Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015.

4) Stock Rights, Options and Warrants

(a) Board of Directors

The discussion in the Company's 2014 Annual Report on the Senior Management Stock Option and Incentive Plan is reproduced below for easy reference:

On December 17, 2002, the SEC approved the exemption requested by the Jollibee Group on the registration requirements of the 101,500,000 options underlying the Parent Company's common shares to be issued pursuant to the Jollibee Group's Senior Management Stock Option and Incentive Plan (the Plan). The Plan covers selected key members of management of the Jollibee Group, certain subsidiaries and designated affiliated entities.

The Plan is divided into two programs, namely, the Management Stock Option Program (MSOP) and the Executive Long-term Incentive Program (ELTIP). The MSOP provides a yearly stock option grant program based on company and individual performance while the ELTIP provides stock ownership as an incentive to reinforce entrepreneurial and long-term ownership behavior of executive participants.

MSOP. The MSOP is a yearly stock option grant program open to members of the corporate management committee of the Jollibee Group and members of the management committee, key talents and designated consultants of some of the business units.

Each MSOP cycle refers to the period commencing on the MSOP grant date and ending on the last day of the MSOP exercise period. Vesting is conditional on the employment of the employee-participants to the Jollibee Group within the vesting period. The options will vest at the rate of one-third of the total options granted on each anniversary of the MSOP grant date until the third anniversary.

The exercise price of the stock options is determined by the Jollibee Group with reference to prevailing market prices over the three months immediately preceding the date of grant for the 1st up to the 7th MSOP cycle. Starting with the 8th MSOP cycle, the exercise price of the option is determined by the Jollibee Group with reference to the market closing price as at date of grant.

The stock options expire eight years after grant date. The Jollibee Group does not pay cash as a form of settlement.

On July 1, 2004, the Compensation Committee of the Jollibee Group granted 2,385,000 options under the 1st MSOP cycle to eligible participants. The options will vest at the rate of one-third of the total options granted from the start of the grant date on each anniversary date which will start after a year from the MSOP grant date. One-third of the options granted, or 795,000 options, vested and may be exercised starting July 1, 2005 and expired on June 30, 2012. On July 1, 2005 to 2014, the Compensation Committee granted series of MSOP grants under the 2nd to 11th MSOP cycle to eligible participants. The options vest similar to the 1st MSOP cycle. The second and third MSOP cycles expired on June 30, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

The movements in the number of stock options outstanding and related weighted average exercise prices (WAEP) are as follows:

	2014			2013		
	Number of Options	WAEP	Number of Options	WAEP	Number of Options	WAEP
Total options granted as at end of year	36,863,194	PhP73.58	33,404,194	PhP62.69	29,808,694	PhP53.07
Outstanding at beginning of year	16,915,937	PhP83.77	16,788,056	PhP63.90	17,505,395	PhP52.39
Options granted during the year	3,459,000	178.66	3,595,500	142.51	3,018,030	107.90
Options exercised during the year	(6,765,662)	63.57	(3,373,561)	46.34	(3,375,915)	41.80
Options forfeited during the year	_	_	(94,058)	74.45	(359,454)	80.52
Outstanding at end of year	13,609,275	Php117.51	16,915,937	PhP83.77	16,788,056	PhP63.90
Exercisable at end of year	6,865,265	PhP79.42	10,216,427	PhP57.83	10,367,798	PhP45.83

The weighted average share price is PhP181.34, PhP143.27 and PhP103.41 in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The weighted average remaining contractual life for the stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 is 5.83 years, 4.83 years and 4.66 years, respectively.

The weighted average fair value of stock options granted in 2014, 2013 and 2012 is PhP32.39, PhP30.55 and PhP23.43, respectively. The fair value of share options as at the date of grant is estimated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, taking into account, the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The option style used for this plan is the American style because this option plan allows exercise before the maturity date. The inputs to the model used for the options granted on the dates of grant for each MSOP cycle are shown below:

				Risk-free	Expected	Stock Price	
MSOP	Year of		Expected	Interest	Life of	on Grant	Exercise
Cycle	Grant	Dividend Yield	Volatility	Rate	the Option	Date	Price
1 st	2004	1.72%	36.91%	6.20%	5-7 years	PhP24.00	PhP20.00
2 nd	2005	1.72%	36.91%	6.20%	5-7 years	29.00	27.50
3 rd	2006	1.72%	36.91%	6.20%	5-7 years	35.00	32.32
4 th	2007	1.70%	28.06%	6.41%	3-4 years	52.50	50.77
5 th	2008	1.80%	26.79%	8.38%	3-4 years	34.00	39.85
6 th	2009	2.00%	30.37%	5.28%	3-4 years	48.00	45.45
7 th	2010	2.00%	29.72%	5.25%	3-4 years	70.00	57.77
8 th	2011	2.00%	34.53%	4.18%	3-4 years	89.90	89.90
9 th	2012	2.00%	28.72%	3.50%	3-4 years	107.90	107.90
10 th	2013	2.00%	29.38%	2.68%	3-4 years	145.00	145.00
11 th	2014	2.00%	24.87%	2.64%	3-4 years	179.80	179.80

The expected life of the stock options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

ELTIP. The ELTIP entitlement is given to members of the corporate management committee.

Each ELTIP cycle refers to the period commencing on the ELTIP entitlement date and ending on the last day of the ELTIP exercise period. Actual grant and vesting is conditional upon achievement of the Jollibee Group's minimum medium to long-term goals and individual targets in a given period, and the employment of the employee-participants to the Jollibee Group within the vesting period. If the goals are achieved, the options will be granted. Starting with the 3rd ELTIP cycle, a percentage of the options to be granted are based on the percentage of growth in annual earnings per share such that 100%, 50% or 25% of the options granted when percentage of growth in annual earnings per share are 12% and above, 10% to less than 12% or 8% to less than 10%, respectively.

The exercise price of the stock options is determined by the Jollibee Group with reference to prevailing market prices over the three months immediately preceding the date of entitlement.

The Jollibee Group does not pay cash as a form of settlement. Starting with the 3rd ELTIP cycle, the exercise price of the option is determined by the Jollibee Group with reference to the closing market price as of the date of grant.

On July 1, 2004, the Compensation Committee gave an entitlement of 22,750,000 options under the 1st ELTIP cycle to eligible participants. The options will vest at the rate of one-third of the total options granted on each anniversary date which will start after a year of the ELTIP grant date. One-third of the options granted, or 7,583,333 options, vested and may be exercised starting July 1, 2007 and expired on June 30, 2012. On July 1, 2008 and October 19, 2012, a total entitlement of 20,399,999 and 24,350,000 options was given to eligible participants under the 2nd and 3rd ELTIP cycle, respectively.

The movements in the number of stock options outstanding for the 2nd and 3rd ELTIP cycles and related WAEP for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 follow:

	2014		2013			2012
_	Number of		Number of		Number of	
	Options	WAEP	Options	WAEP	Options	WAEP
Total options given as at end of year	67,499,999	PhP56.66	67,499,999	PhP56.66	66,749,999	PhP56.12
Outstanding at beginning of year	37,186,110	PhP82.51	37,811,665	PhP80.51	27,674,569	PhP32.52
Options granted during the year	-	-	750,000	105.00	23,600,000	105.00
Options exercised during the year	(5,665,977)	39.85	(1,375,555)	39.85	(12,962,905)	24.19
Options forfeited during the year	(249,573)	105.00	-	_	(499,999)	39.85
Outstanding at end of year	31,270,560	PhP90.06	37,186,110	PhP82.51	37,811,665	PhP80.51
Exercisable at end of year	7,170,133	PhP39.85	12,836,110	PhP39.85	7,411,665	PhP39.85

The weighted average remaining contractual life for the stock options outstanding as of 2014, 2013 and 2012 is 4.85 years, 5.30 years and 5.68 years, respectively.

The fair value of stock options granted is PhP22.96 in 2014 and 2013. The fair value of share options as at the date of grant is estimated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The option style used for this plan is the American style because this option plan allows exercise before the maturity date. The stock options granted under the 2nd and 3rd ELTIP cycles will expire on April 30, 2017 and 2020, respectively. The inputs to the model used for the options granted on the dates of grant for each ELTIP cycle is shown below:

ELTIP Cycle	Year of Grant	Dividend Yield	Expected Volatility	Risk-free Interest Rate	Expected Life of the Option	Stock Price on Grant Date	Exercise Price
1 st	2004	1.72%	36.91%	6.20%	5 years	PhP24.00	PhP20.00
2 nd	2008	1.80%	26.79%	8.38%	3-4 years	34.00	39.85
3 rd	2012	2.00%	28.74%	3.60%	3-4 years	105.00	105.00

The expected life of the stock options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

The cost of the stock options expense charged to operations under "General and administrative expenses" account amounted to PhP166.5 million, PhP150.4 million and PhP77.0 million in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively (see *Note 22 of the Financial Statements*). Correspondingly, a credit was made to additional paid-in-capital.

Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015.

(b) Amendments of Incentive Programs

Indicate any amendments and discontinuation of any incentive programs introduced, including the criteria used in the creation of the program. Disclose whether these are subject to approval during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting:

Minor amendments in the Stock Option Plan were submitted to the Philippine Stock Exchange and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Incentive Program	Amendments	Date of Approval
Senior Management Stock Option and Incentive Plan	Amended the current retirement condition (clause 6.2) to specifically refer to retirement before age 65, added a new paragraph specifying the conditions applicable to retirement at or beyond age 65; added a condition of noncompete for those availing of the benefit under the new paragraph. Amended Clause 6.3 to specifically identify the court-appointed legal guardian of an incapacitated Eligible Participant as the party entitled to exercise stock options on his behalf.	June 27, 2014
	Amendment of the provisions on hurdle rate.	December 19, 2014 (to take effect on January 5, 2015).
	Amendment of the provisions on hurdle rate.	<u>July 1, 2015</u>

5) Remuneration of Management

Identify the five (5) members of management who are <u>not</u> at the same time executive directors and indicate the total remuneration received during the financial year:

Members of the top management who are <u>not</u> executive directors are Ysmael V. Baysa, Vice President – Finance, Chief Financial Officer and Compliance Officer and Daniel Rafael Ramon Z. Gomez III, Chief Marketing Officer. Please refer to Item D(3) for information on remuneration.

E. BOARD COMMITTEES

1) Number of Members, Functions and Responsibilities

Provide details on the number of members of each committee, its functions, key responsibilities and the power/authority delegated to it by the Board:

	No. of Members					
Committee	Executive Director (ED)	Non- executive Director (NED)	Independent Director (ID)	Committee Charter	Functions/ Key Responsibilities/ Power	
Executive (5)	4	1	-		The Executive Committee may act on specific matters within the competence of the Board as may be delegated to it by the Board from time to time, subject to limitations under applicable laws. (Sources: Section 10, Article IV, By-Laws, Article 4.G.4 Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)	
Audit (4)	1	1	2	Y	The Audit and Compliance Committee is appointed by the Board of Directors to provide oversight on the integrity of financial reporting process, internal controls, the audit process, and the Corporation's process of monitoring compliance with laws and regulations. (Source: Section A, Audit Committee Charter)	
					The Audit Committee is authorized by the Board to undertake any activity within its scope of responsibility, and to recommend appropriate actions to the Board on the basis of the Committee's findings. It is authorized to seek any information it requires from any employee and all employees will be directed to cooperate with any request made by the Committee.	
					The Committee shall have unrestricted access to the Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Finance Officer and Internal and External Auditors. (Source: Section B, Audit Committee Charter)	
					The Audit Committee shall have the following functions:	
					(1) Assist the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations;	
					(2) Provide oversight over Management's activities in managing credit, market, liquidity, operational, legal and other risks, including receipt of information on risk exposures and risk management activities;	
					(3) Perform oversight functions over the Internal and External Auditors to ensure that Internal and External Auditors act independently of each other, and that both are given access to all records, properties and personnel to enable them to perform their respective functions;	
					(4) Review the internal audit plan, including audit scope, resources and budget necessary to implement it, to ensure its conformity with the Company's objectives;	
					(5) Prior to the commencement of the audit, discuss with the External Auditor the nature, scope and expenses of the audit;	
					(6) Monitor and evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal control system, including financial reporting control and information technology security;	
					(7) Review the reports submitted by Internal and External Auditors;	

	No. of Members						
Committee	Executive Director (ED)	Non- executive Director (NED)	Independent Director (ID)	Committee Charter	Functions/ Key Responsibilities/ Power		
		(NED)			(8) Review the quarterly and annual financial statements before their submission to the Board with particular focus on the following matters: (a) Any change/s in accounting policies and practices; (b) Major judgmental areas; (c) Significant adjustments resulting from the audit; (d) Going concern assumptions; (e) Compliance with accounting standards; and (f) Compliance with tax, legal and regulatory requirements; (9) Coordinate, monitor and facilitate compliance with laws, rules and regulations; (10)Evaluate and determine the Non-Audit Work, if any, of External Auditor, and review periodically the non-audit fees paid to External Auditor. The Audit Committee shall disallow any non-audit work that will conflict with the primary duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to the External Auditor's independence; and (11)Establish and identify the reporting line of the Internal Auditor to enable him to properly fulfill his duties and responsibilities. The Audit Committee shall ensure that in the performance of the work of the Internal Auditor, he shall be free from interference by outside parties. (Sources: Article 4.G.3, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance and Audit Committee Charter)		
Nomination (5)	3	1	1	Y	The Nomination Committee is constituted for purposes of installing and institutionalizing a process of selection to ensure a mix of competent directors and officers for the Corporation. (Source: Section A. Nomination Committee Charter) The functions of the Nomination Committee shall be as follows: (1) Pre-screen and shortlist all candidates nominated to become a member of the Board of Directors in accordance with the qualifications and/or disqualifications as described in this Manual, the Company's By-Laws, and applicable laws; (2) Review and evaluate the qualifications of all persons nominated to the Board and other appointments that require the Board's effectiveness in directing the process of electing and replacing directors; (4) Recommend to the Board any changes or addition to the role, duties and responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer, by integrating the dynamic requirements of the business as a going concern and future expansionary prospects within the realm of good corporate governance at all times; and (5) Carry out such other duties as may be delegated to it by the Board of Directors from time to time. (Source: Article 4.G.1, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance and Nomination Committee Charter)		

	No. of Members				
Committee	Executive Director (ED)	Non- executive Director (NED)	Independent Director (ID)	Committee Charter	Functions/ Key Responsibilities/ Power
Compensation (5)	2	2	1	Y	The Compensation Committee is appointed by the Board of Directors to review matters regarding compensation of the Company's executives and Board of Directors and make recommendations for approval of the Board. The Compensation Committee shall also prepare annual committee reports and review disclosures on board and executive management compensation as may be required by law and regulators. (Source: Section A, Compensation Committee Charter) The functions of the Compensation Committee shall be as follows: (1) Establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing a policy on executive remuneration and for fixing the remuneration packages of corporate officers and directors, and provide oversight over remuneration of senior management and other key personnel ensuring that compensation is consistent with the Company's culture, strategy and control environment; (2) Designate amount of remuneration, which shall be in a sufficient level to attract and retain directors and officers who are needed to run the company successfully; (3) Carry out such other duties as may be delegated to it by the Board of Directors from time to time. (Source: Article 4.G.2, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)
(specify)					

2) Committee Members

The information below pertains to the period July 2014 – June 2015.

(a) Executive Committee

Officer	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	Tony Tan Caktiong	June 2015	13	13	100%	2009 to present
Member (ED)	Ernesto Tanmantiong	June 2015	13	13	100%	2009 to present
Member (ED)	William Tan Untiong	June 2015	13	13	100%	2009 to present
Member (ED)	Joseph C. Tanbuntiong	June 2015	13	13	100%	2013 to present
Member (NED)	Ret. Chief Justice Artemio Panganiban	June 2015	13	13	100%	2012 to present

(b) Audit Committee

Officer	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman (ID)	Monico V. Jacob	June 2015	5	5	100%	Since start of Committee
Member (ED)	William Tan Untiong	June 2015	5	4	80%	Since start of Committee
Member (NED)	Antonio Chua Poe Eng	June 2015	5	4	80%	Since start of Committee
Member (ID)	Cezar P. Consing	June 2015	5	4	80%	2 years

Disclose the profile or qualifications of the Audit Committee members.

MONICO V. JACOB

Mr. Jacob, born in 1945, 69, Filipino, has been a member of the Board since 2001. Mr. Jacob is an Independent Director and is a member of the Nomination Committee of the Board of Directors. He is also the chair of the Audit Committee.

Other directorships are:

I isted	Companies	

Independent Director 2 Go Group, Inc. (formerly Aboitiz Transport Systems, Inc.)

Director Asian Terminals, Inc.

Independent Director Century Properties Group, Inc. Independent Director Phoenix Petroleum Philippines, Inc. Director STI Education Systems Holdings, Inc.

Non-listed Companies

Director Advent Capital and Finance Corporation

Director Ateneo de Naga University Director

Director

De Los Santos – STI College
De Los Santos – STI Medical Center
Information and Communications Technology (i-Academy), Inc. Director

Negros Navigation Co., Inc. Philippine Health Educators, Inc. Independent Director Director Director STI Education Services Group, Inc.

Director PhilPlans First, Inc. Director Philhealthcare, Inc.

Director Philippine Life Financial Assurance, Inc. Director Total Consolidated Asset Management, Inc.

Director Republic Surety Insurance Corp.

WILLIAM TAN UNTIONG

Mr. Tan Untiong, born in 1953, 61, Filipino, has been the Corporate Secretary of the Company since 1994, and a member of the Board since 1993. He is a member of the Executive, Nomination and Audit Committees of the Board of Directors.

Mr. Tan Untiong has also been the Vice President for Real Estate since 1989. Effective January 1, 2014, Mr. Tan Untiong is the Chief Real Estate Executive of JFC.

Other directorships are:

Listed	Com	nanias
Listeu	COIII	pariies

Executive Director Doubledragon Properties Corp.

Non-listed Companies

Director Fresh N' Famous Foods Inc. Mang Inasal Phils. Inc.
Coffeetap Corporation¹¹ Director Director Director BK Titans, Inc. RRB Holdings, Inc. Red Ribbon Bakeshop, Inc. Director Director Director Grandworth Resources Corporation Director Zenith Foods Corporation Director Honeystar Holdings Corporation Director Chanceux, Inc. Honeybee Foods Corp.
Red Ribbon Bakeshop Inc. (USA) Director Director

Chowking Food Corporation (USA) Director

Director Adgraphix, Inc.

Director Belmont Enterprises Ventures Ltd. (BVI)

¹¹ Pending dissolution.

Golden Plate Pte. Ltd. Director Director JSF Investments Pte. Ltd.

Director Jollibee (China) Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.

Director

Shanghai Yong He King Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.

Shanghai Yong He King Food & Beverage Management Co. Ltd.

Tianjin Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.

Beijing Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.

Shenzhen Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.

Wildan Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd. Director Director Director Director Director Wuhan Yong He King Food and Beverage Co. Ltd.

Director Yong He Holdings Co. Ltd. Director Centenary Ventures Limited Director WJ Investments Limited

JC Properties & Ventures Corporation Director

Jollimart Corporation
Centregold Corporation Director Director Director Winall Holding Corporation Director Iconnect Multimedia Network, Inc. Director Metroguards Security Agency Corp. Director Honeyworth Corporation

Director Mainspring Resources Corporation Director Director Queenbee Resources Corporation

Antares Holdings, Inc.
Hyper Dynamic Corporation Director Director Kingsworth Corporation Director Honeysea Corporation Trustee Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc.

ANTONIO CHUA POE ENG

Mr. Chua Poe Eng, born in 1947, 67, Filipino, has been a member of the Board since 1978. He is a member of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

Other directorships are:

Honeyworth Corporation Chairman, President Director Albany Resources Corporation Director Hyper Dynamic Corporation

CEZAR P. CONSING

Mr. Consing, born in 1959, 55, Filipino, was elected as an Independent Director of the Company in 2010. He is a member of the Compensation and Audit Committees of the Board of Directors.

Mr. Consing is the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Bank of the Philippine Islands. From 2004 - 2013, Mr. Consing was a partner with The Rohatyn Group, a New York-based investment management company. From 1985 - 2004, he was an investment banker with J.P. Morgan & Co., and was head or co-head of Investment Banking in Asia Pacific (ex-Japan) from 1997-2004

Other directorships are:

<u>Listed Companies</u> Director Bank of the Philippine Islands

National Reinsurance Corp. of the Philippines (PhilNare) Director

Non-listed Companies

BPI Family Savings Bank, Inc. BPI Globe BanKO, Inc. Director Chairman / Director BPI/MS Insurance Corp. Director Director BPI-Philam Life Assurance Corp.

Vice-Chairman BPI Capital Corp. Chairman BPI Europe PLC

Chairman

BPI Direct Savings Bank, Inc. BPI Century Tokyo Lease & Finance Corp. Chairman

Vice-Chairman, BPI Foundation, Inc. Board of Trustees

Chairman BPI Computer Systems Corp. LGU Guarantee Corp.

Board Director & Non-Executive Filgifts.com

Chairman **Board Partner** TRG Management Principals LP Sqreem Technologies Private Ltd. Endeavor Philippines Director

Director

Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015.

¹² Deregistered as of July 1, 2014.

Describe the Audit Committee's responsibility relative to the external auditor.

The Audit Committee shall, among others:

- (a) Perform oversight functions over the Internal and External Auditors to ensure that Internal and External Auditors act independently of each other, and that both are given access to all records, properties and personnel to enable them to perform their respective functions;
- (b) Prior to the commencement of the audit, discuss with the External Auditor the nature, scope and expenses of the audit;
- (c) Review the reports submitted by Internal and External Auditors;
- (d) Evaluate and determine the Non-Audit Work, if any, of External Auditor, and review periodically the non-audit fees paid to External Auditor. The Audit Committee shall disallow any non-audit work that will conflict with the primary duties of the External Auditor or may pose a threat to the External Auditor's independence. (Source: Article 4.G.3, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)
- (e) Review audit and audit-related matters and make appropriate recommendations to the Board. In this connection, the Committee shall, among others:
 - i. Recommend to the Board the retention and, if appropriate, the termination and replacement of External Auditors;
 - ii. Review and confirm management's endorsement for audit and non-audit services of the External Auditor;
 - iii. Review results of audits performed by Internal and External Auditors including any changes in accounting procedures and/or system of internal controls noted or developed during the audit examination along with matters of controversy, if any, with management;
 - iv. Evaluate and determine non-audit work, if any, of the external auditor, and review periodically the non-audit fees paid to the external auditor in relation to their significance to the total annual income of the external auditor, and to the Corporation's overall consultancy expenses. The Committee shall disallow any non-audit work that will conflict with the duties as external auditor, or that may pose a threat to the external auditor's independence. Non-audit work, if allowed, shall be disclosed in the Corporation's annual report.
 - v. Ensure that there is appropriate coordination between External and Internal Auditors. (Source: Section C.5, Audit Committee Charter)

(c) Nomination Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman (NED)	Ret. Chief Justice Artemio Panganiban	June 2015				3 years
Member (ED)	Tony Tan Caktiong	June 2015	0== (1)	0== (1)	100%	2 years
Member (ED)	Ernesto Tanmantiong	June 2015	One (1)	One (1)	100%	3 years
Member (ED)	William Tan Untiong	June 2015				2 years
Member (NED)	Monico V. Jacob	June 2015				2 years

(d) Compensation Committee

Officer	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman (ID)	Tony Tan Caktiong	June 2015				2 years
Member (ED)	Joseph Tanbuntiong	June 2015				2 years
Member (NED)	Ret. Chief Justice Artemio	June 2015	One (1)			3 years
	V. Panganiban		Offe (1)	One (1)	100%	-
Member (NED)	Ang Cho Sit	June 2015				2 years
Member (ID)	Cezar P. Consing	June 2015				2 years

(e) Finance Committee – not applicable

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee

3) Changes in Committee Members

Indicate any changes in committee membership that occurred during the year and the reason for the changes:

Name of Committee	Name	Reason
Executive		
Audit	No changes for the year.	
Nomination		
Remuneration/Compensation		
Others (specify)		

4) Work Done and Issues Addressed

Name of Committee	Work Done	Issues Addressed	
Executive	Approval of matters delegated by the Board of Directors		
Audit	Approval of audited financial statements and quarterly results; recommendation for approval to the Board of Directors of audited financial statements and quarterly results.		
Nomination	Submitted list of final candidates to the Board of Directors to the Corporate Secretary.		
Remuneration	Reviewed the Company's Stock Option Plan		
Others (specify)			

5) Committee Program

Provide a list of programs that each committee plans to undertake to address relevant issues in the improvement or enforcement of effective governance for the coming year.

Each committee performs the functions set out in the Company's By-laws, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance <u>and committee charter</u>. In the performance of such functions, each Committee examines applicable risks, discusses issues and proposes (and implements, as necessary) improvements to the policies and processes.

F. RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

1) Disclose the following:

- (a) Overall risk management philosophy of the company:
- (b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management system and commenting on the adequacy thereof.
- (c) Period covered by the review;
- (d) How often the risk management system is reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing its effectiveness; and
- (e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

The Company and its subsidiaries, in global growth and expansion, requires a comprehensive approach to corporate risk management that promotes extensive strategic thinking and analysis, while fundamentally integrating and maintaining highest ethical standards in the company's core values and beliefs. Risk management will provide the organization with the superior capabilities to identify, assess and manage the risks and enable the organization and its employees at all levels to better understand and manage risks.

The Company and its subsidiaries are all in the quick-service restaurant sector. Quick-service restaurants like those maintained by the Company are expected to maintain high quality in terms of food, service and cleanliness ("FSC"). The Company responds by observing stringent guidelines, processes and procedures in its FSC, and conducting regular and spot audits to ensure that FSC standards are maintained not only in stores but also in commissaries. The Company has likewise instituted a system of incentives to reward excellent performance in terms of FSC by stores.

JFC directors and management periodically review the effectiveness of the Company's risk management system. (Source: 2015 JFC Definitive Information Statement)

The implementing policies of the Manual on Corporate Governance also provide that the comprehensive risk assessment shall be conducted at least once every 2 years by the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors. The findings shall be presented to the CEO and the Board.

2) Risk Policy

During the Board meeting last May 12, 2015, the identified Top 10 Risks of the Company was presented to the Board. Among the risks identified were operational risks, competitive risks, organizational and financial risks, business growth risks and hazards.

(a) Company

Give a general description of the company's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Directors and Officers	Respect, integrity and safety for employees, customers and stakeholders	To protect directors, officers and employees of the Company
Assets	Safeguard assets of the Company including loss of income for a specific time	To avoid catastrophic losses that would affect the Company
Third Party Liability	Maintain good rapport and brand name with third parties	To protect the company and its brands against legal claims of third parties

(b) Group

Give a general description of the Group's risk management policy, setting out and assessing, the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Credit Risk – the risk that a customer or counterparty fails to fulfill its contractual obligations to the Jollibee Group. This includes risks of non-payment by borrowers and issuers, failed settlement of transactions and default on outstanding contracts.	The Jollibee Group has a very strict credit policy. Its credit transactions are only with franchisees that have gone through rigorous screening before granting them the franchise. The credit terms are very short, deposits and advance payments are also required before rendering the service or delivering the goods. In cases of defaults of debtors, the exposure is contained as transactions that will increase the exposure of the Jollibee Group are not permitted.	To mitigate the risk of non-collection from customers or counterparties.
	concentration of credit risk with counterparty since it has short credit terms to franchisees, which it implements consistently. In addition, the Jollibee Group's franchise profile is such that no single franchisee accounts for a significant portion of the total systemwide sales of the Jollibee Group.	
	With respect to credit risk arising from financial assets of the Jollibee Group, the Jollibee Group's exposure to credit risk arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments.	
	The credit quality of financial assets is managed by the Jollibee Group using internal credit ratings.	
Liquidity Risk – the risk that the Jollibee Group's financial liabilities are not serviced in a timely manner and that its working capital requirements and planned capital expenditures are not met.	On a weekly basis, the Jollibee Group's Cash and Banking Team monitors its collections, expenditures and any excess/deficiency in the working capital requirements. Cash outflows resulting from major expenditures are planned so that money market placements are available in time with the planned major expenditure. In addition, the Jollibee Group has short-term cash deposits and has available credit lines with accredited banking institutions, in case there is a sudden deficiency. The Jollibee Group maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed sufficient to finance the operations.	To ensure sufficient liquidity levels – financial liabilities are serviced in a timely manner and working capital requirements and planned capital expenditures are met.
Foreign Currency Risk – arises from the Jollibee Group's investments outside the Philippines, which are mainly in PRC and USA.	While the foreign businesses have been rapidly growing, the total exposure to foreign currency risk of the Jollibee Group is still not significant. The Jollibee Group also has the procession of the procession	
	transactional foreign currency exposures. Such exposure arises from the Jollibee Group's Philippine operation's cash and cash equivalents, receivables and long-term debt in foreign currencies.	
Interest Rate Risk	The Jollibee Group is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as majority of its interest-bearing short-term and long-term debts bear fixed interest rates.	
Equity Price Risk	The Jollibee Group is not exposed to significant equity price risk on its investments in quoted equity securities consisting of investments in club shares and shares of public utility companies.	

(c) Minority Shareholders

Indicate the principal risk of the exercise of controlling shareholders' voting power

Risk to Minority Shareholders		

3) Control System Set Up

(a) Company

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

B. 1 E	Risk Assessment	Risk Management and Control
Risk Exposure	(Monitoring and Measurement Process)	(Structures, Procedures, Action Taken)
Assets	Regular audit (asset count)/ risk inspection of assets and sites	Regular maintenance of the assets of the Company.
		Bi-annual risk inspection of sites and reporting of risk exposures and recommendation of possible courses of action to remove or minimize risk exposures in sites.
		Annual renewal and bi-annual review of insurance policies.
Third Party Liability	Regular audit/evaluation of sites based on food, service and cleanliness (FSC) standards	Emergency response procedures in the sites in case of third party claims. The Company has third party liability insurance for all sites.
Assets	Regular audit (asset count)/ risk inspection of assets and sites	Regular maintenance of the assets of the Company.
		Bi-annual risk inspection of sites and reporting of risk exposures and recommendation of possible courses of action to remove or minimize risk exposures in sites.
		Annual renewal and bi-annual review of insurance policies.

(b) Group

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process)	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Action Taken)
Assets	Regular audit (asset count)/ risk inspection of assets and sites	Regular maintenance of the assets of the Company.
		Bi-annual risk inspection of sites and reporting of risk exposures and recommendation of possible courses of action to remove or minimize risk exposures in sites.
		Annual renewal and bi-annual review of insurance policies.
Third Party Liability	Regular audit/evaluation of sites based on food, service and cleanliness (FSC) standards	Emergency response procedures in the sites in case of third party claims. The Company has third party liability insurance for all sites.

(c) Committee

Identify the committee or any other body of corporate governance in charge of laying down and supervising these control mechanisms, and give details of its functions:

Various divisions, including but not limited to Finance and Comptrollership, detail and supervise the implementation of control mechanisms.

G. INTERNAL AUDIT AND CONTROL

1) Internal Control System

Disclose the following information pertaining to the internal control system of the company:

(a) Explain how the internal control system is defined for the company;

The Company's internal control system covers all the policies and procedures, systems and processes that ensure the effectiveness and efficiency of the Company's operations, reliability of its financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulation. The Board of Directors sets the general policies and management is responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of the internal control system of the company. The Board, through its Audit Committee oversees the actions of Management and monitors the effectiveness of the internal control system put in place by Management. Recommendations are provided by Management, the Board, Internal Audit, Risk and Compliance functions, to address certain issues and concerns of the Company.

(b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system and whether they consider them effective and adequate;

The Chief Internal Auditor reports to the Audit Committee on the procedures performed by Internal Audit in evaluating the internal control system of the Company that include its policies, procedures and processes. The Audit Committee reports to the Board the results of the audits conducted by the internal and external auditors.

The Company shall have in place an independent internal audit function which shall be performed by an Internal Auditor or a group of Internal Auditors, through which its Board, senior management, and stockholders shall be provided with reasonable assurance that its key organizational and procedural controls are effective, appropriate, and complied with.

The Audit Committee shall ensure that the internal auditors shall have free and full access to all of the Company's records, properties and personnel relevant to the internal audit activity and that the internal audit activity shall be free from interference in determining the scope of internal auditing examinations, performing work and communicating results, and shall provide a venue for the Audit Committee to review and approve the annual internal audit plan. (Source: Article 4.K, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).

(c) Period covered by the review;

From the date of the last report.

(d) How often internal controls are reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing the effectiveness of the internal control system; and

The scope and frequency of the review of internal controls are conducted in accordance with the annual audit plan approved by the Audit Committee. Regular meetings to discuss the audit results (at least quarterly) are held between the Audit Committee and Internal Audit.

(e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not. N/A

2) Internal Audit

(a) Role, Scope and Internal Audit Function

Give a general description of the role, scope of internal audit work and other details of the internal audit function.

Role	Scope	Indicate whether In-house or Outsource Internal Audit Function	Name of Chief Internal Auditor/Auditing Firm	Reporting Process
Review the reliability and integrity of financial and operating information and the means used to identify, measure, classify and report such information.	JFC and subsidiaries	In-house	Lorna Atun ¹³ / SGV & Co.	Internal Audit reports quarterly to the Audit Committee before the Committee endorses to the Board the release of the quarterly financial statements
Review the internal control system to check compliance with policies, procedures, plans, laws and regulations and to check the economy and efficiency with which resources are employed.	Critical Processes and systems indicated in the approved annual	Co-source	Lorna Atun / Various accredited Service Providers	Internal Audit reports the audit results to the Audit Committee at least quarterly. Special meetings may be held for matters which require
Reviewing operations or programs to ascertain whether results are consistent with established objectives and goals and whether the operations or programs are being carried out as planned.	internal audit plan	In-house	Lorna Atun	immediate attention of the Committee.

(b) Do the appointment and/or removal of the Internal Auditor or the accounting/auditing firm or corporation to which the internal audit function is outsourced require the approval of the audit committee?

YES. Included among the functions of the Audit Committee is the duty to establish and identify the reporting line of the Internal Auditor to enable him to properly fulfill his duties and responsibilities. The Audit Committee shall ensure that, in the performance of the work of the Internal Auditor, he shall be free from interference by outside parties. (Source: Article 4.G.3.k, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance).

(c) Discuss the internal auditor's reporting relationship with the audit committee. Does the internal auditor have direct and unfettered access to the board of directors and the audit committee and to all records, properties and personnel?

The Audit Committee has oversight functions over the Internal and External Auditors to ensure that Internal and External Auditors act independently of each other, and that both are given access to all records, properties and personnel to enable them to perform their respective functions. (Sources: Article 4.G.3, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance and Section C.3, Audit Committee Charter)

(d) Resignation, Re-assignment and Reasons

Disclose any resignation/s or re-assignment of the internal audit staff (including those employed by the third-party auditing firm) and the reason/s for them.

Name of Audit Staff ¹⁴	Reason
Susana Reyes	Transfer
Joy Bautista	Transfer
Ronald Chris Robles	Transfer
Carlo Manguiat	Other employment opportunity

Effective January 1, 2015, Ms. Lorna Atun is head of Corporate Audit.
 Data refers to 2014 data. This will be updated once 2015 data is completed.

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Name of Audit Staff ¹⁴	Reason
Joanna Marie Aquino	Other employment opportunity
Ana Dominique Sierra	Other employment opportunity
Gina Badong	Other employment opportunity

(e) Progress against Plans, Issues, Findings and Examination Trends

State the internal audit's progress against plans, significant issues, significant findings and examination trends.

Progress Against Plans	84% of the 2014 approved audit plan was completed. In addition to the audit areas specified in the approved audit plan, fifteen (15) audit requests were completed.
Issues ¹⁵	No critical issues were noted.
Findings ¹⁶	No critical issues were noted.
Examination Trends	The average audit rating of company-owned and franchise stores across all subsidiaries, where compliance audits were conducted, have generally improved due to regular updates on the cash and inventory management controls, re-trainings and orientations of the operations team and most especially the solid commitment in championing the standards by the management.

[The relationship among progress, plans, issues and findings should be viewed as an internal control review cycle which involves the following step-by-step activities:

- 1) Preparation of an audit plan inclusive of a timeline and milestones;
- 2) Conduct of examination based on the plan;
- 3) Evaluation of the progress in the implementation of the plan;
- 4) Documentation of issues and findings as a result of the examination:
- 5) Determination of the pervasive issues and findings ("examination trends") based on single year result and/or year-to-year results;
- 6) Conduct of the foregoing procedures on a regular basis.]

(f) Audit Control Policies and Procedures

Disclose all internal audit controls, policies and procedures that have been established by the company and the result of an assessment as to whether the established controls, policies and procedures have been implemented under the column "implementation."

	Policies & Procedures	Implementation
1.	Risk-based audit planning should be improved to enhance the prioritization of audit activity and to ensure alignment of audit activity with the Company's goal.	Implemented
2.	Audit process should be streamlined to improve turn-around-time of audit projects.	Implemented
3.	Continuous auditing aided by technology should be established in identified areas.	Implemented

(g) Mechanism and Safeguards

State the mechanism established by the company to safeguard the independence of the auditors, financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies (example, restrictions on trading in the company's shares and imposition of internal approval procedures for the transactions, limitations on the non-audit services that an external auditor may provide to the company):

16 "Findings" are those with concrete basis under the company's policies and rules.

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¹⁵ "Issues" are compliance matters that arise from adopting different interpretations.

Auditors (Internal and External)	Financial Analysts	Investment Banks	Rating Agencies
The auditors report directly to the Board of Directors through the Audit Committee and are not involved in the day to day operation of the company.	investment banks and r information being disclo	dence concerns involving ating agencies as there are osed ahead to any group regulators within the prescr	no material public other than what is
Restriction on trading in the company's shares 2 trading days before and after any disclosure to the public.	submission of the Cor	s shares is prohibited two (2 mpany's disclosures. In pr after the Board meeting appr	actice, the trading
Limitation on the non-audit services that the external auditors provide to the company.	after the disclosure (whic	chever is earlier).	

(h) State the officers (preferably the Chairman and the CEO) who will have to attest to the company's full compliance with the SEC Code of Corporate Governance. Such confirmation must state that all directors, officers and employees of the company have been given proper instruction on their respective duties as mandated by the Code and that internal mechanisms are in place to ensure that compliance.

In compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 12, series of 2014, in lieu of the notarized signature page, the Consolidated Changes in the ACGR shall be accompanied by a Secretary's Certificate with excerpts of Board Resolutions or Minutes of meetings regarding said updates and changes in the ACGR.

On March 26, 2015, the Company submitted to the Philippine Stock Exchange its Corporate Governance Guidelines for Listed Companies Disclosure Template for the year 2014, signed by the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer and an Independent Director.

H. ROLE OF STAKEHOLDERS

1) Disclose the company's policy and activities relative to the following:

	Policy	Activities
Customers' welfare	Quick-service restaurants like those maintained by the Company are expected to maintain high quality in terms of food, service and cleanliness ("FSC"). (Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report)	The Company responds by observing stringent guidelines, processes and procedures in its FSC, and conducting regular and spot audits to ensure that FSC standards are maintained not only in stores but also in commissaries. (Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report)
Supplier/contractor selection practice	Economies of scale allow the Company to avail of low purchase costs from local and foreign suppliers, leveraged on sustained volume growth and reliable credit handling. (Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report)	JFC follows an accreditation process for suppliers. (Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report)
Environmentally friendly value-chain	In keeping with its Corporate Social Responsibility, JFC places great premium in its commitment to environmental conservation and protection The Company takes reasonable efforts to comply with environmental laws and regulations. Strict compliance with environmental laws would entail substantial capital investment for the Company. (Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report)	The Company has continuing efforts to ensure compliance with environmental laws and regulations. Part of the proactive measures being undertaken at the store level, two programs are being implemented, namely the Environmental Education and Awareness Program (EEAP), and the Cleaner Production Pollution Prevention (CP2P) Program. Under the former, restaurant managers undergo the requisite 40-hour Basic Pollution Control Officer (PCO) Training, while area managers, group managers as well as managing directors undergo the 8-hour Environmental Management Training. In the CP2P program, the Company's environmental policy is

	Policy	Activities
		inculcated in every store personnel and they are also taught Best Management Practices (BMPs) in the kitchen.
		JFC continues to innovate by developing alternative energy sources like the solar power system and wind power. JFC store roofs are potential sources of carbon free electricity. Pilot testing is being done in several sites in preparation for a major roll out program across the country.
		(Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report)
Community interaction	The Company's corporate social responsibility efforts are coursed through, and spearheaded by, the Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc. (Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report)	Among the projects of the Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc. are the (1) Busog, Lusog, Talino School Feeding Program, (2) Farmer Entrepreneurship Program, and (3) Jollibee Group FoodAID Program
		(Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report)
Anti-corruption programmes and procedures		
Safeguarding creditor's rights		

2) Does the company have a separate corporate responsibility (CR) report/section or sustainability report/section?

The Company's corporate social responsibility efforts are spearheaded by the Jollibee Group Foundation, Inc. The Foundation's activities are detailed in the 2014 Annual Report.

- 3) Performance-enhancing mechanisms for employee participation.
 - (a) What are the company's policy for its employees' safety, health, and welfare?

Employees are provided with all benefits required under the law. The Company also provides other benefits like a healthcare provider.

(b) Show data relating to health, safety and welfare of its employees.

The Company provides its regular employees, including qualified dependents, healthcare plan. To ensure the safety and welfare of its employees, medical personnel are present at the Company's workplace and facilities to provide medical assistance. Annual physical check-up for all regular employees are required.

(c) State the company's training and development programmes for its employees. Show the data.

Employees are required to undergo internal training. The Company offers internal trainings on various topics. External training, when related to an employee's functions, is also encouraged.

Among the various training programs made available to the Company's employees are Team Effectiveness Program, Workforce Effectiveness Program, First Line Leaders Curriculum and programs for middle management. These training programs are offered to all regular employees.

(d) State the company's reward/compensation policy that accounts for the performance of the company beyond short-term financial measures.

The Company provides for performance-based rewards to its employees.

4) What are the company's procedures for handling complaints by employees concerning illegal (including corruption) and unethical behavior? Explain how employees are protected from

The Company has a Code of Business Ethics which includes a procedure for reporting possible violations. The process protects the anonymity of the reporting party and guarantees protection from retaliation. All information is kept strictly confidential.

DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY

1) Ownership Structure

(a) Holding 5% shareholding or more

Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percent	Beneficial Owner
PCD Nominee Corporation (Non-Filipino)	321,191,401	30.11%	Approximately 646,528 scripless shares lodged with Deutsche Regis Partners Inc. are owned by Queenbee Resources Corporation, a special purpose vehicle which is the issuer of warrants over such shares.
Hyper Dynamic Corporation	273,218,750	25.61%	Majority of the shares in Hyper Dynamic Corporation are owned or controlled by Tony Tan Caktiong and certain relatives within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity.
Honeysea Corporation	127,743,747	11.97%	Majority of the shares in Honeysea Corporation are owned or controlled by Tony Tan Caktiong and certain relatives within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity.
PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino)	79,569,779	7.46%	
Winall Holding Corporation	54,140,736	5.08%	Majority of the shares in Winall Holding Corporation are owned or controlled by certain relatives within the fourth degree of consanguinity or affinity.

(Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015)

Name of Senior		Number of	% of
Management ¹⁷	Number of Direct shares	Indirect shares/Through	Capital
(Corporate Officers)		(name of record owner)	Stock
Tony Tan Caktiong	8,254,565	740,000	0.84%
		(through Deutsche	
		Regis Partners, Inc.)	
Ernesto Tanmantiong	4,743,951	457,019	0.49%
		(through Deutsche	
		Regis Partners, Inc.)	
William Tan Untiong	7,013,388	279,667	0.68%
		(through Deutsche	
		Regis Partners, Inc.)	
Joseph Tanbuntiong	57,630	n/a	0.01%
Ang Cho Sit	11	n/a	0.00%
Antonio Chua Poe Eng	1	926,147	3.73%
	38,857,446 ¹⁸	(through Honeyworth	
		Corporation)	
Ret. CJ Artemio V.	1	11,000	0.00%
Panganiban			
Monico V. Jacob	100	n/a	0.00%
Cezar P. Consing	1	n/a	0.00%
Ysmael V. Baysa	511,667	n/a	0.05%
Daniel Rafael Ramon Z.	0	0	0.0%
Gomez III			
Valerie F. Amante	0	0	0.00%

(Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015)

 $^{^{17}}$ The list includes Corporate Officers, as identified by the Company and disclosed in the 2014 JFC Annual Report. 18 Through Honeyworth Corporation as disclosed in Antonio Chua Poe Eng's SEC Form 23-B.

2) Does the Annual Report disclose the following:

Key risks	YES
Corporate objectives	YES
Financial performance indicators	YES
Non-financial performance indicators	YES
Dividend policy	NO, but the dividend policy is disclosed in the 2015 JFC Information Statement which is quoted below:
	"The Company declares dividends on a semi- annual basis and upon approval by the Board of Directors. The Jollibee Group has a cash dividend policy of declaring one-third of the Jollibee Group's net income for the year as cash dividends. It uses best estimate of its net income as basis for declaring cash dividends. For 2014, the actual cash dividends per share declared as a percentage of the Earnings Per Share is 32.3%."
Details of whistle-blowing policy	NO, <u>but the whistle-blowing policy is found in the Company's website.</u>
Biographical details (at least age, qualifications, date of first appointment, relevant experience, and any other directorships of listed companies) of directors/commissioners	YES
Training and/or continuing education programme attended by each director/commissioner	YES
Number of board of directors/commissioners meetings held during the year	NO, but attendance in board meetings is disclosed in the Annual Corporate Governance Report which forms part of the Annual Report.
Attendance details of each director/commissioner in respect of meetings held	NO, but attendance in board meetings is disclosed in the Annual Corporate Governance Report which forms part of the Annual Report. Attendance in board meetings was also disclosed to the Securities and Exchange Commission in the Company's Advisement Letter dated January 5, 2015.
Details of remuneration of the CEO and each member of the board of directors/commissioners	YES

Should the Annual Report not disclose any of the above, please indicate the reason for the non-disclosure.

3) External Auditor's Fee

Name of Auditor	Audit Fee	Non-audit Fee
SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co.	Approximately PhP18.8 Million	None

Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, as filed on April 14, 2015.

4) Medium of Communication

List down the mode/s of communication that the company is using for disseminating information.

Information is disseminated through ordinary, registered and electronic mail and through the company website (pursuant to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 11, series of 2014).

The Company holds one-on-one meetings, conference calls and electronic mail communication with investors, analysts and members of the media, upon request.

5) Date of release of audited financial report: April 13, 2015

6) Company Website

Does the company have a website disclosing up-to-date information about the following?

Business operations	YES
Financial statements/reports (current and prior years)	YES
Materials provided in briefings to analysts and media	YES
Shareholding structure	YES
Group corporate structure	YES
Downloadable annual report	YES
Notice of AGM and/or EGM	YES
Company's constitution (company's by-laws, memorandum and articles of association)	YES

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

7) Disclosure of RPT

Tony Tan Caktiong, Ernesto Tanmantiong, William Tan Untiong and Joseph Tanbuntiong are brothers. Ang Cho Sit is the brother-in-law of Tony Tan Caktiong. Susana K. Tanmantiong is the wife of Ernesto Tanmantiong and sister-in-law of Tony Tan Caktiong, William Tan Untiong and Joseph Tanbuntiong. Antonio Chua Poe Eng is the brother-in-law of Tony Tan Caktiong, Ernesto Tanmantiong, William Tan Untiong and Joseph Tanbuntiong. Grace A. Tan is the wife of Tony Tan Caktiong.

Some of the Company's directors own franchises or have minority interests in companies which own and operate franchised stores of the Company. All such franchises are subject to contracts which have been entered into in an arms' length basis and on terms similar to those granted to other franchisees. (Source: 2014 JFC Annual Report, as filed on April 14, 2015)

When RPTs are involved, what processes are in place to address them in the manner that will safeguard the interest of the company and in particular of its minority shareholders and other stakeholders?

Related party transactions are addressed through discussions and on a case-to-case basis.

J. RIGHTS OF STOCKHOLDERS

1) Right to participate effectively in and vote in Annual/Special Stockholders' Meetings

(a) Quorum

Give details on the quorum required to convene the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting as set forth in its By-laws.

Quorum Required	A majority of the subscribed capital, present in person or presented by proxy shall be the required at every meeting to constitute a quorum for the election of directors and for the transaction of any business whatever except in those cases in which the Corporation Code requires the affirmative vote of a greater proportion. (As amended on December 1992)
	In the absence of quorum, any officer entitled to preside or act as Secretary of such meeting, shall have the power to adjourn the meeting from time to time until stockholders holding the requisite number of stock shall be present or represented. At any such adjourned meeting at which a quorum may be present, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally called. (As amended on December 4, 1992) (Source: Section 3, Article III, By-Laws)

(b) System Used to Approve Corporate Acts

Explain the system used to approve corporate acts.

System Used	At each meeting of the stockholders, each stockholder shall be entitled to vote in person or by proxy, all shares of stock held by him which have voting power upon any matter duly raised in such meeting. The votes for the election of directions, as well as the votes upon any question raised before the meeting, except with respect to procedural questions which may be determined by the chairman of the meeting, shall be by viva voce or show of hands, except when written balloting shall be requested by any stockholder. (As amended on December 4, 1992). (Source: Section 10, Article III, By-Laws)
Description	Stockholders may vote in person or by proxy.

(c) Stockholders' Rights

Stockholders' Right under	Stockholders' Rights not in
The Corporation Code	The Corporation Code
Right to vote on all matters that	
require consent and approval.	
Power of Inspection	
Right to Information	
Right to Dividends	
Appraisal Right	

Dividends

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date
April 7, 2014	May 8, 2014	May 30, 2014
November 12, 2014	November 27, 2014	December 18, 2014
April 7, 2015	<u>May 7, 2015</u>	<u>May 29, 2015</u>

(d) Stockholders' Participation

State, if any, the measures adopted to promote stockholder participation in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting, including the procedure on how stockholders and other parties interested may communicate directly with the Chairman of the Board, individual directors or board committees. Include in the discussion the steps the Board has taken to solicit and understand the view of the stockholders as well as procedures for putting forward proposals at stockholders' meetings.

Measures Adopted	Communication Procedure	
any communication from stockholders	relay such inquiry or comment to the	

- 2. State the company policy of asking shareholders to actively participate in corporate decisions regarding:
 - a. Amendments to the company's constitution
 - b. Authorization of additional shares
 - Transfer of all or substantially all assets, which in effect results in the sale of the company

Stockholder approval is required to amend the Company's Articles of Incorporation, an increase in the outstanding capital stock of the Company, and the sale of all or substantially all assets of the Company, following the Corporation Code.

- 3. Does the company observe a minimum of 21 business days for giving out of notices to the AGM where items to be resolved by shareholders are taken up?
 - a. Date of sending out notices: Notices were sent on June 5, 2015
 - b. Date of the Annual/Stockholders' Meeting: June 26, 2015
- 4. State, if any, question and answers during the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

After presentation of the Management's Report, stockholders were invited to raise questions. Below is the summary of questions raised during the meeting and the response given:

On restroom facilities. In response to the query on restroom facilities per store, Mr. Tan Untiong, as the Chief Real Estate Executive of the Corporation, reiterated the Corporation's compliance with the requirements provided in the National Building Code and other relevant laws and regulations.

On products. Comments were given by stockholders on the Corporation's current products and its effects to the health of the consumers. Chairman of the Board, Mr. Tan Caktiong, responded that the Corporation serves its food products in moderate food proportions.

On supply. A stockholder sought clarification if the supply disruption in 2014 affected the Corporation's local and international operations. Chairman of the Board, Mr. Tan Caktiong, clarified that the disruption in 2014 was not a supply or sourcing issue but was attributable to the implementation of the SAP software. In response to a follow-up question on how the Corporation will address future software system upgrades, Mr. Tan Caktiong assured the public that with its key learnings from its 2014 experience, the Corporation shall ably manage future systems upgrades with implementation and contingency plans.

On suggestions to the Corporation's annual stockholders' meetings. A stockholder gave her inputs and suggestions on the preferred time of the year to hold the stockholders' meeting including suggested corporate souvenir items to be distributed to attending stockholders.

- 5. Result of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meetings Resolutions
- Date of publishing of the result of the votes taken during the most recent AGM for all resolutions:

A disclosure was submitted to the Philippines Stock Exchange immediately after the Annual Stockholders' Meeting on <u>June 26, 2015</u>.

e) Modifications

State, if any, the modifications made in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting regulations during the most recent year and the reason for such modification:

There were no modifications made in the regulations.

(f) Stockholders' Attendance

(i) Details of Attendance in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting Held:

Type of Meeting	Names of Board Members/ Officers present	Date of Meeting	Voting Procedure (by poll, show of Hands, etc.)	% of SH Attending In Person	% of SH in Proxy	Total % of SH attendance
		June 26, 2015	(by poll, show of Hands,			_
	Daniel Rafael Ramon Z. Gomez III – Chief Marketing Officer Atty. Valerie F. Amante – Assistant Corporate Secretary					

(ii) Does the company appoint an independent party (inspectors) to count and/or validate the votes at the ASM/SSMSs?

The Company appoints RCBC Stock Transfer Office to count and/or validate the votes.

(iii) Do the company's common shares carry one vote for one share? If not, disclose and give reasons for any divergence to this standard. Where the company has more than one class of shares, describe the voting rights attached to each class of shares.

Each common share is entitled to one vote.

(g) Proxy Voting Policies

State the policies followed by the company regarding proxy voting in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

	Company's Policies	
Execution and acceptance of proxies	A stockholder may attend the meeting by submitting a duly-accomplished proxy substantially in the form attached hereto which must be received by the Corporate Secretary not later than ten (10) days before the meeting ("Cut-Off Date"). Proxies received after Cut-Off Date shall not be recognized for this meeting. Proxies duly received by the Corporate Secretary on or before Cut-Off Date shall be recognized for the meeting unless revoked by personal appearance of the stockholder or by a later proxy received on or before Cut-Off Date. (Source: Section 2, Article III, By-Laws)	
Notary	Proxies need not be notarized.	
Submission of Proxy	Proxies must be submitted at least 10 days before the meeting. (Source: Section 2, Article III, By-Laws)	
Several Proxies	There are no policies on multiple proxies.	
Validity of Proxy	lidity of Proxy The proxy is valid only for the specific meeting.	
Proxies executed abroad Proxies executed abroad are accepted.		
Invalidated Proxy There are no policies on invalidated proxies.		
Validation of Proxy There are no policies on validation of proxies.		
Violation of Proxy	There are no policies on violations proxies.	

(h) Sending Notices

State the company's policies and procedure on the sending of notices of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting

Policies	Procedure
Except as otherwise provided by law, written or printed notice of all annual meetings of stockholders, stating the place and time of the meeting and, if necessary, the general nature of the business to be considered shall be transmitted by personal delivery, mail, telegraph, facsimile or cable to each stockholder of record entitled to vote thereat at his address last known to the Secretary of the Corporation at least twenty (20) days before the date of the meeting. Except where expressly required by law, no publication of any notice of annual meeting of stockholders shall be required. If any stockholder shall, in person or by attorney-infact thereunto authorized, in writing, or by telegraph, cable, or facsimile, waive notice of any meeting, whether before or after the holding of such meeting, notice thereof need not be given to him. Notice of any adjourned meeting of the stockholders shall not be required to be given, except when expressly required by law. (As amended on December 4, 1992). (Source: Section 5, Article III, By-Laws)	The notice of annual stockholders' meeting, along with a copy of the Company's Annual Report and Definitive Information Statement, is sent to stockholders of record at least twenty (20) days before the date of the meeting.

(i) Definitive Information Statements and Management Report

Number of Stockholders entitled to receive Definitive Information Statements and Management Report and Other Materials	All stockholders of record as of the Record Date set by the Board of Directors shall be provided with the notice of annual stockholders' meeting, along with a copy of the Company's Annual Report and Definitive Information Statement.
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by market participants/certain beneficial owners	June 5, 2015
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report and Other Materials held by stockholders	June 5, 2015

State whether CD formal or hard copies were distributed	Annual Report – CD Format (hard copies are provided upon request) Information Statement – CD Format
If yes, indicate whether requesting stockholders were provided hard copies	Yes. Hard copies of the Information Statement were provided to requesting stockholders.

(j) Does the Notice of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting include the following:

Each resolution to be taken up deals with only one item.	YES
Profiles of directors (at least age, qualification, date of first appointment, experience, and directorships in other listed companies) nominated for election/re-election.	NO, as these are indicated in the Definitive Information Statement provided with the Notice.
The auditors to be appointed or re-appointed.	NO, as this is indicated in the Definitive Information Statement provided with the Notice.
An explanation of the dividend policy, if any dividend is to be declared.	NO, as this is indicated in the Definitive Information Statement provided with the Notice.
The amount payable for final dividends.	NO, but these are included in periodic disclosures on dividend declaration.
Documents required for proxy vote.	YES.

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicated the reason thereto.

2) Treatment of Minority Stockholders

(a) State the company's policies with respect to the treatment of minority stockholders.

Policies	Implementation
Right to vote on all matters that require their consent or approval;	Stockholders shall have the right to elect, remove and replace directors and vote on certain corporate acts in accordance with the Corporation Code of the Philippines.
	Cumulative voting shall be used in the election of directors.
	A director shall not be removed without cause if it will deny minority stockholders representation in the Board of Directors.
Power of Inspection	A stockholder may inspect corporate books and records in accordance with the Corporation Code and only for a legitimate purpose and during reasonable office hours and at no cost to the Company. The annual reports, including financial statements, to be provided by the Company to its stockholders shall, however, be for the account of the Company.
Right to Information	Upon request, stockholders shall be provided with periodic reports which disclose personal and professional information about the directors and officers and certain other matters such as their holdings of the Company's shares, dealings with the company, relationships among directors and key officers, and the aggregate compensation of directors and officers.
Right to Dividends	Stockholders shall have the right to receive dividends subject to the discretion of the Board.
	The company shall be compelled to declare dividends when its retained earnings shall be in excess of 100% of its paid in capital stock, except: (a) when justified by definite corporate expansion projects or programs approved by the board; or (b) when the company is prohibited under any loan agreement with any financial institution or creditor, whether local or foreign, from declaring dividends without its consent, and such consent has not been secured; or c) when it can be clearly shown that such retention is necessary under special circumstances obtaining in the Company, such as when there is a need for special reserve for probable contingencies.
Appraisal Right	The stockholders shall have the appraisal right or the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of their shares in the manner provided for under Section 82 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, under any of the following circumstances:
	1. In case any amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of

Policies	Implementation
	changing or restricting the rights of any stockholders or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence.
	2. In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets as provided in the Corporation Code; and
	3. In case of merger and consolidation.
	Stockholders shall be encouraged to personally attend the annual stockholders' meeting and any special meeting that may be called. If they cannot attend, they shall be apprised ahead of time of their right to appoint a proxy, subject to the requirements of the Company's By-laws.
	It shall be duty of the directors to promote stockholders' rights, remove impediments to the exercise of stockholders' rights and allow possibilities to seek redress for violation of their rights. They shall encourage the exercise of stockholders' voting rights and the solution of collective action problems through appropriate mechanisms. They shall be instrumental in removing excessive costs and other administrative or practical impediments to stockholders participating in meetings and/or voting in person or by proxy. Accurate and timely information shall be made available to stockholders to enable them to make a sound judgment on all matters brought to their consideration or approval

(Source: Article 7, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

(b) Do minority stockholders have a right to nominate candidates for board of directors?

YES, subject to the submission of nominees to the Nomination Committee.

K. INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM

 Discuss the company's external and internal communications policies and how frequently they are reviewed. Disclose who reviews and approves major company announcements. Identify the committee with this responsibility, if it has been assigned to a committee.

All internal and external communications are prepared in consultation with the relevant internal groups, including Finance, Human Resources and Legal. The Company's Chief Financial Officer and its Corporate Legal Counsel sign all disclosures made to the public.

2) Describe the company's investor relations program including its communications strategy to promote effective communication with its stockholders, other stakeholders and the public in general. Disclose the contact details (e.g. telephone, fax and email) of the officer responsible for investor relations.

	Details	
(1) Objectives	JFC, through its Investor Relations Group, seeks to provide its stakeholders with information necessary to make informed decisions about our Company. It manages relationships with investors and analysts as well as with regulatory bodies that oversee the financial markets. The department also interfaces with the organization's senior management for the purpose of sharing market insights and investor feedback.	
(2) Principles	- JFC's disclosure practices are designed to give all investors and analysts fair access to information. The Company complies with all security regulations of the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). - JFC reports its financial results and material developments to the PSE and the SEC, its shareholders and other stakeholders in an open and comprehensive manner. - JFC provides reasonable access to analysts, investors and the media to help them make informed opinions of JFC, but not influencing those opinions and to address reports or questions that they may have about JFC. However, JFC does not share earnings projections and does not provide focused guidance to analysts for the development of their earnings estimates.	

	Details	
(3) Modes of Communications	JFC adopts the following communications channel: one-on-one meetings, road shows, phone meetings, Company website/ email. JFC meetings with investors and analysts will not be a forum for sharing non-public information.	
(4) Investors Relations Officer	Corazon B. Palomar, Investor Relations Director Investor Relations Department, 14F Jollibee Plaza, No. 10 F. Ortigas Jr. Avenue, Ortigas Center, Pasig City - Direct Line: 632 6887141	

3) What are the company's rules and procedures governing the acquisition of corporate control in the capital markets, and extraordinary transactions such as mergers, and sales of substantial portion of corporate assets?

Name of the independent party the board of directors of the company appointed to evaluate the fairness of the transaction price.

L. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

Discuss any initiative undertaken or proposed to be undertaken by the company.

The Company's corporate social responsibility efforts are coursed through, and spearheaded by the Jollibee Group Foundation. Inc.

Initiative	Beneficiary		
Busog Lusog Talino School Feeding Program	Over 37,000 school-age pupils in 191 cities and municipalities in the Philippines.		
Farmer Entrepreneurship Program	Over 900 smallholder farmers from 27 farmer groups nationwide.		
Jollibee Group FoodAID Program	Disaster-stricken communities in the Philippines		

(Source: 2014 Annual Report, filed on April 14, 2015).

M. BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AND CEO APPRAISAL

Disclose the process followed and criteria used in assessing the annual performance of the board and its committees, individual director, and the CEO/President.

	Process	Criteria
Board of Directors	The Company conducts an organization-wide financial review twice a year.	Net Operating Income Systems Wide Sales Rolling Base Sales Economic Value Added
Board of Committees	The Company conducts an organization-wide financial review twice a year.	Net Operating Income Systems Wide Sales Rolling Base Sales Economic Value Added
Individual Directors	The Company conducts an organization-wide financial review twice a year.	Net Operating Income Systems Wide Sales Rolling Base Sales Economic Value Added
CEO/President	The Company conducts an individual performance appraisal, and an organization-wide financial review twice a year.	Net Operating Income Systems Wide Sales Rolling Base Sales Economic Value Added

N. INTERNAL BREACHES AND SANCTIONS

Discuss the internal policies on sanctions imposed for any violation or breach of the corporate governance manual involving directors, officers, management and employees.

The following penalties shall be imposed after notice and hearing on the Company's directors, officers and staff in case of violation of the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance:

Violations	Sanctions
First Violation	Reprimand
Second Violation	Suspension
Third Violation	Removal from office
	Director – removal from directorship

(Source: Article 12, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance)

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, WILLIAM TAN UNTIONG, Filipino, of legal age and with office address at the 10/F, Jollibee Plaza Building, 10 F. Ortigas Jr. Avenue, Ortigas Center, Pasig City, being the elected and qualified Corporate Secretary of Jollibee Foods Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under Philippine laws, with business address at the 10/F, Jollibee Plaza Building, 10 F. Ortigas Jr. Avenue, Ortigas Center, Pasig City, hereby certify on behalf of the Corporation that:

 The following is a true and correct copy of the resolution adopted and approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on April 7, 2015:

RESOLVED, that Jollibee Foods Corporation declares out of its unrestricted retained earnings as of 2009, a cash dividend of Eighty Centavos (PhP0.80) per common share, due to all stockholders of record as of May 7, 2015 (ex-dividend date of May 4, 2015) and payable on May 29, 2015.

- The above-mentioned resolution have not been amended, modified or rescinded, and is in full force and effect as of the date hereof.
- 3. The foregoing statements are true and correct and in accordance with the records of the Corporation.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this day of Positivi

WILLIAM TAN UNTIONG Corporate Secretary

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)) S.S. CITY OF PASIG

BEFORE ME, a Notary Public in and for the city named above, personally appeared:

Name

Competent Evidence of Identity Place/Date of Issue

William Tan Untiong

Passport No. EC0232914 issued on February 7, 2014

valid until February 6, 2019

who is personally known to me to be the same person who presented the foregoing instrument and signed the instrument in my presence, and who took an oath before me as to such instrument.

APR 0 7 2015 Witness my hand and seal this

Doc. No. Page No. 40 Book No. 3 Series of 2015.

Awael L. CHONG
Notary Public — Pasig City
Until December 31, 2015
Attorney's Roll No. 54490
Appointment No. 6
PTR No.4990946; 01/13/14; Pasig City
IBP No. 958344; 01-15-14; RSM
14/F Jollibee Plaza, 10 F. Ortigas ir, Avenue
Ortigas Center, Pasig City 1805
MCLE Communication No. IV-nous 764;

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SECRETARY'S CERFIFICATE

I, WILLIAM TAN UNTIONG, Filipino, of legal age and with office address at the 10/F Jollibee Plaza Bldg., 10 F. Ortigas Jr. Ave., Ortigas Center, Pasig City, being the appointed Corporate Secretary of JOLLIBEE FOODS CORPORATION (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under Philippine law, with business address at the 10/F Jollibee Plaza Bldg., 10 F. Ortigas Jr. Ave. Ortigas Center, Pasig City, hereby certify on behalf of the Corporation that:

- 1. The Board of Directors duly approved the proposed revisions to the Stock Option Plan on July 1, 2015. A copy of the revised Stock Option Plan is attached hereto as Annex A (with revisions highlighted for easy reference).
- The foregoing statements are true and correct and in accordance with the records of the 2. Corporation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this July 6, 2015 at Pasig City.

> WILLIAM TAN UNTIONG Corporate Secretary

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) CITY OF PASIG) S.S.

BEFORE ME, a Notary Public in and for the city named above, personally appeared:

Name

Competent Evidence of Identity

Place/Date of Issue

William Tan Untiong

Passport No. EC0232914 issued on February 7, 2014 valid until February 6, 2019

who is personally known to me to be the same person who presented the foregoing instrument and signed the instrument in my presence, and who took an oath before me as to such instrument.

July in 2015 Witness my hand and seal this

Doc. No. 231 Page No. 49; Book No.

Series of 2015

ANGELINE L. CHONG
Notary Public—Pasig City
Until December 31, 2015
Attorney's Roll No. 54490
Appointment No. 6
PTR No.4990946; 01/13/14; Pasig City
IBP No. 958344; 01-15-14; RSM
14/F Jollibee Plaza, 10 F. Ortigas Jr. Avenue
Ortigas Center, Pasig City 1605
MCLE Compliance No. IV-0009764; 11/12/12, " - 19 City

ANGELINE L. CHONG